1978


DIT : Student's Union

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THE
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STUDENT'S UNION

COLLEGE of TECHNOLOGY, BOLTON STREET.

EDITOR: Paul Farrell
PRODUCTION: Senan Tumbull
LAYOUT: Paul Scales
TYPING: Rose Connolly

GRATEFUL THANKS TO:

OUR ADVERTISERS for making it financially possible.
MARTIN KENNEDY for printing, advice and rushing!
USI for information.
USI NEWS for their unknowing and unsolicited aid.
PREVIOUS HANDBOOKS for letting me know where to start.
ROSE for being passive, pretty but purposeful under pressure.
SENA for hanging around and being logical despite cow gum elbow.
PAUL for dropping in, staying, entertaining and not dropping off.
AND CRAVINGS, CRAZIES etc. for staying away.
Our Student Officer for Bolton Street College of Technology is Dermot McCarron. You’ll find him at our branch at Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, and he will be pleased to discuss the ways in which Bank of Ireland can assist students. He will be in attendance during normal banking hours.
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Any Mon.-Thurs.
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PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Dear Student,

Welcome to the College of Technology, Bolton Street be you a First or Fifth year. An especial welcome must go to our Freshers who have so recently been reminded of the scramble for third level places. You are now a student in the technological sector, the sector which will be the cornerstone of our country's drive for development and industrialisation. Naturally the government don't seem to realise this and we remain the relatively neglected sector of higher education. Nevertheless on graduation you can be confident that your award will hold it's own with all other institutions mainly through the hard graft of our staff who year after year make a little go a long way.

The most immediate shortcomings which will manifest themselves to you in Bolton St., will be in the area of facilities. Nevertheless over the past few years the Union has managed to provide as much extra-curricular activity as possible with our limited facilities. As a student you owe it to yourself to agitate for expansion of the technological sector and it should be realised that in the long term it is our beloved Minister's decision so all possible opportunities to highlight our situation should be used.

On the broader front of college life the golden rule is that you will only get out of your college what you put into it. This applies right throughout the whole spectrum, clubs, societies, parties, Union activity etc. Many students will sometimes become envious of the University sector because of the high level of socialising which is attributed to college life, but the simple difference is that they tend to involve themselves in extra-curricular activities to a greater
extent than has been traditional in Bolton Street. We don't have to contend with the problems of anonymity and individual isolation in a group. So get involved and enjoy your stay here.

Finally, remember that the Union is a democratic organisation and not only is your voice and opinions welcomed but they are needed because the Union can only be as active as its membership. So looking forward to hearing you during the year, oh and ...... mine's a pint.

Paul Farrell
PAUL FARRELL
PRESIDENT

THE CHOICE
WE CARRY
PELCAN, PENGUIN, SIGNET, MENTOR, FABER & UNIVERSITY PAPERBACKS AND TECHNICAL BOOKS
(1st Floor)
RING BINDERS, REFILL PADS
SLIDE RULES ART MATERIALS
MATHEMATICAL & DRAWING INSTRUMENTS
PENS AND ALL OTHER TOOLS OF THE TRADE

EASON
O'CONNELL STREET DUBLIN & DUN LAOGHAIRE
Every student in the college is a member of the Student's Union whether he be enrolled on a full-time, part-time or block release course. All members are entitled to partake in all the activities and, of all the services offered by the Union. Nevertheless all members should realise that membership involves responsibilities as well as advantages. You have the responsibility to yourself, to the Union and to your fellow students to ensure that the Union structures and activities are used to their fullest advantage.

In retrospect it can be said that throughout the past seven years we have been fortunate in having an interested, but more important, an active membership. This has led to the gaining of many successes in all areas of the Union's activity. We have grown from the humble beginnings of a Union with only £1,000 income and temporary accommodation in 1971 to a highly organised body with a budget of over £10,000 and a full-time staff of three. The Union's voice carries much weight in all decisions taken in the college, be it concerned with locks on toilet doors, to the timing of exams to the type of award which students feel their course should have. Once again this year much can be achieved on your behalf, by your elected representatives, with the support of the student body but this support must be seen through your active participation.

The following relevant extracts from the Constitution will help give you some idea of the nature and structure of the Union.
Aims and Objectives

(i) To represent the interests of its members in all matters relating to their education and to protect and further their rights as students and citizens.

(ii) To develop and expand the services available to its members.

(iii) To provide such social and recreational amenities as may be possible from the resources available to it.

(iv) To act as spokesman for its members and as the channel of communication between its members and all other organisations with whom the Union maintains contact for the attainment of these objectives.

Structure

"The government of the Union shall be based on the democratic principle that every member shall have the fullest opportunity compatible with the rights of others to participate in controlling the affairs of the Union".

"The management of the Union's affairs shall be conducted on the following levels:

The Union General Meeting (UGM)

The Student's Union Council (SUC)

The Executive Committee of the Union (ECU)
"The Union General Meeting (UGM), shall be the supreme governing body of the Union and every member shall be entitled to attend and participate fully" ... and may be convened by:

(i) The E.C.U.

(ii) The adoption of a motion by the SUC requesting it.

(iii) The submission to the Union Secretary of a petition signed by 50 of the members of the Union ...

"The Student's Union Council (SUC) shall manage the affairs of the Union subject to the Union policy and UGM". It shall consist of:

(i) The E.C.U.

(ii) The adoption of a motion by the SUC requesting it.

(i) The E.C.U.

(ii) One representative from each registered class...

Two representatives from each official Union Club and Society ....

NB. "Each representative shall represent the interests and views of his/her class, club or society on the SUC and keep his/her class, club or society regularly informed about the proceedings of the SUC... In order to ensure the effective attainment of the above principle each representative shall convene a class meeting at least once monthly during term time". At each class meeting the representative shall give a report of the proceedings of the previous SUC and seek the views of his class on forthcoming issues".

"The Executive Committee of the Union (ECU) shall be elected by general franchise of the Union members, and it shall be responsible for the day to day running of the Union. All Union members are eligible to stand for election".
The Executive should consist of nine members but for reasons known only to the student body the number of officers is somewhat depleted this year. The Executive for the '78 - '79 year are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Name</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>President</td>
<td>Paul Farrell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deputy President</td>
<td>Vacant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Secretary</td>
<td>Vacant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Treasurer</td>
<td>Vacant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Welfare Officer</td>
<td>Philip Merry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communications Officer</td>
<td>Paul Scales</td>
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<tr>
<td>Education Officer</td>
<td>Vacant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sports Officer</td>
<td>Rory O'Connor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outgoing President</td>
<td>Senan Turnbull</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Finance**

The Union is mainly funded by a capitation grant from the college authorities. This capitation grant, based on student enrolment numbers, was greatly increased last year and now stands at £9 for full-time students and £3 for part-time students. On top of this, other "enterprises" bring in about £1,000 bringing total income in any one year to c.£11,000. The Student shop is run on a non-profit making basis, and a subsidy is usually paid to the shop to keep prices low.

The spending of the Union's income is determined by the yearly budget, which is presented to the Student body in first term, before being finally adopted by SUC. Audited accounts must be presented to the capitation committee of the VEC: Joint Student's Union Council (JSUC) where the Union is represented by the President.
This year JUCC will appoint an Administrative Officer who will service the six Student's Unions of the Dublin VEC colleges. The duties of the Administrative Officer (A.O.) will be to operate a central secretariat for inter-college affairs and to act as controller for Student's Unions funds. It is anticipated that the A.O. will greatly improve financial administration within the Unions and also create savings through bulk buying for shops etc.

### Representation

![Diagram of Union Structure]

A primary function of the Union is to represent Students' interests. The structure outlined above gives some idea of how your views (if you will express them) are channelled by your elected representatives to various bodies where internal and external decisions are taken which affect students.

Last year a campaign for greater student representation was launched and was to a small degree successful. The campaign was necessarily of the form of lobbying by the Executive of various councils and committees, it did not involve action by the general student body as in the case of most campaigns. It is intended to continue this campaign again in the coming year perhaps in greater conjunction with the other VEC colleges.
It is necessary to point out that central to the representative structure is the Class Representative, without the active participation of the Class Representative your views do not reach the Executive and the entire system falls flat on its face. It can be seen therefore that it is vital that each class elect a representative who will seriously undertake to do the small amount of work required. The Class Representative not only sits on SUC but also on the Departmental Boards (Staff/Student committees), but these boards are grossly underused by students to air their views on all matters relating to their course.

It is important that when any representative attends a meeting, or has an informal chat with somebody in authority that he does so in your best interest. The Union structure allows your voice to be heard at policy formulation stage, it is to your own advantage to become involved. Failure to do so only results in an unrepresentative and undemocratic Union.

Activities

CAMPAIGNING

The Union is primarily a campaigning unit which decides to pursue a certain line of discussion and agitation in order to further the interests of its members. The campaigns invariably involve change in some aspect of the educational conditions, standards or structures of the members although Union autonomy has been a cause for campaigning in the past and representation and welfare are possible areas of activity for the future.

To many the campaigning image of Bolton Street Students Union - or that of any other Union either individually or collectively under USI - is that of marching through the streets and demanding "something" connected with more money or a change in educational structures. This is an unfortunate and unrepresentative view of union campaigning as such occasions are only a culmination of a long period of "constitutional" campaigning which has failed. It is only then in an attempt to highlight major grievances that students involve themselves in street actions.
PUBLICATIONS

Publications are, or at least should be, an essential medium of communication between all elements within a college. Good, but more importantly, recurrent newspapers or journals have a chequered but generally disappointing history in Bolton Street.

Throughout the years many varied, sensational, serious and interesting mags., newspapers etc., have emerged only to die an all too immediate and sudden death.

The official newspaper of the Union is the BOLTECH TIMES and it appeared erratically but not sufficiently frequent last year. The usual problem of finance was and can be overcome, the problem lies in manpower. It is simply not possible for four or five people to produce a frequent and vibrant publication. It requires an interested team of artists, gossips, various ignorami and above all writers.

This year it is hoped to produce a frequent Union newsheet which can act more as a pure factual imparting of news to the Union members, while the 'TIMES' can be allowed develop into a more entertainment orientated publication. So let's see all you budding authors, critics, layout artists, columnists and reporters lined up to join the publications committee on Freshers Day. Anybody with queries, criticisms or especially ideas should contact the Communications Officer, Paul Scales, or the Union office.
The Ents. sections of previous handbooks have always bemoaned the lack of a proper entertainments program in the college. This year things is different. We can look back with pride on a very successful year of lunchtime concerts - and films and feel assured of at least a similar series for the next nine months.

The large kinema (C.28) was the venue for last years presentations and though seating only one hundred and fifty people we managed to squeeze in up to two hundred and fifty people on three occasions. These were for the Floating Dublin Blues Band, Tommy (film) and The Vipers. Other acts to draw enthusiastic audience response were Jimi Slevin, Midnight Well, Sacre Bleu, Stagalee and, our most enterprising moment, Hamich Imlach - an intellectual Billy Connolly.

Admissions averaged twenty five pence per hour-long concert held on Wednesdays and the Union Ents. budget subsidized many of the events to keep admission costs down. The continual drawback of having the superfluous lecture bench in the Kinema will hopefully be overcome during this year and the possibility of two events per week is being investigated.

During the summer we have extended our contacts in the music business and will be looking for external venues in which to promote large evening concerts. With the inaugration of DIT we hope to persuade the VEC to allow us the use of the spacious Gleeson Hall in Kevin Street as a venue. Hope to see yez there and in the Kinema.
INFORMATION AND HELP

No matter what problems you may come across in your college life, somebody, usually the Welfare Officer, can give you advice. For advice on matters ranging from the recipe for the canteen dinner (don't know why you'd want it though) to the name of a cheap printer for your thesis, the members of the executive and welfare committee are the people to contact in the Union office (D.1 main building).

More information on the services of the welfare committee is to be found in the welfare section of this manual.

Services

Both at a local level and through our membership of USI, the Union provides a number of services for the membership which are aimed at providing the best possible discounts compatible with the individual services breaking even.

STUDENTS UNION SHOP

This venture located in room D.1 main building opens from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Monday to Friday and carries a comprehensive range of newspapers, cigarettes, soft drinks, confectionary, stationary and technical equipment at rock bottom prices.

TYPING

Our Union Secretary is available to do any of your typing needs at rates far below those charged outside the college. For letters, reports, theses etc a fast and efficient service is available to all students and staff.

TRAVEL

All of the information and services which the Union provides in this area of travel is provided under the auspices of USIT, the Travel Company of the Union of Students in Ireland. In the office we are in a position to give you basic information on the services of this
company mainly through the medium of brochures, but for actual bookings you will have to take yourself down to the USIT offices which are based at:

7, Anglesea Street, Dublin 2. Tel: 778117

(This is located off Dame Street, behind the old Jury's Hotel and new Central Bank).

The range of services includes reductions on air, sea and rail services to most parts of the globe, an exchange bureau, and a holiday planning and equipment hire service.

To avail of these services students must purchase an International Student Identity Card - £2.50p. This may be purchased in the Students Union office or at USIT. You will have to produce proof that you are a student and this is done by means of your fees receipt or yellow college card (see General Information Section) and we also require two recent photos. Cards are sometimes available immediately but there may be a delay of one or two days at the most.
The position regarding apprentice and part-time students is not as good as it was some years ago and this can be connected with the difficult times state air and sea services have been experiencing over the past few years. This has resulted in the Department of Transport and Power refusing to allow apprentices and part-timers to avail of all but a small number of concessions. Simply the only services which can be gained as a result of being a student is on European Rail.

DISCOUNTS

Production of an ISTC card and sometimes the college card can entitle you to various reductions on purchases in Ireland and all over the world. Even if a shop doesn't display a student reduction sign, ask and many will grant it, particularly if you have not decided to buy and you make it seem that the reduction is the factor which will finally decide for you.

INSURANCE

In 1974 USI decided to expand its services beyond the area of travel and encompass the area of insurance. In early '75 Progressive Insurances was established to give students and graduates an insurance service which was reliable and cheap and which would be under USI control. During its first years '75 - '77 it has been gradually and successfully establishing itself in the colleges throughout the country and developing a range of guaranteed and reliable insurance services to members of USI. It can provide:

Personal Property Insurance, Travel Insurance, Life Assurance and Motor Cycle Insurance, and during the coming year they hope to develop a wider range of services including the difficult area of car insurance.

You can contact the company through the Union office at the above times or at their head office located at:

8/9, Anglesea Street, Dublin 2 Tel: 774211.

(This is located off Dame Street, behind the old Jury's Hotel and new Central Bank and next door to the USIT offices.
Dear Student,

As you settle down to college life, be it for the first or the final year of your studies, you will face many problems. The first few weeks of the term are a time for sorting things out, for finding a place to live, for joining various clubs and societies, for meeting old friends, and finding new ones. Once that flurry of activity is over, you'll have some time to look around you, and in doing so you'll become aware of those problems.

There was a time when a third level education was a stepping stone to a secure, well paid job, with position and respect in the community. Colleges were places for indulging one's fancies, safe in the knowledge that the degree, or diploma or certificate which you would receive at the end of your course would be a virtual passport to security. That is no longer the case. And with 50% of the population under 25 years of age, many of them equally well qualified, the situation is not going to improve without decisive action.

What, you might well ask, can a single student do about it? Not a lot. But the 68,000 students in USI, working together as a unit in an organised way, have a great deal of strength, and can fight at a national level for decisions which must be taken nationally. That is why unions exist; to look after the interests and express the views of the members collectively. Students have common problems, and common interests regardless of any other factors, and it is on that united basis that campaigns are most effectively fought.
Young people today want a decent and open education system, and jobs to go to at the end of their studies. Those jobs don't come out of the air, they must be created, and that means new industries. From the third level colleges must come the engineers, the technicians, the administrators to develop and run the industries and all the support services which are also required, from schools to hospitals to farms.

To be effective, industrial and educational development must be planned in a coherent and co-ordinated fashion. Young people must be able to enter third level education freely and without the sort of financial obstacle race which currently exists.

Unless these things happen, then all the studying we may do is not going to produce the jobs we need for the future.

Sincerely,

Peter Davies

PRESIDENT

WHO ARE THE MEMBERS OF U.S.I.?

* Basically each student registered in a college affiliated to USI is a member of the National Union.

* The membership is defined under Article 1V of the Constitution.

* Your college is an affiliated CO of USI.

* Your participation in USI is through your local Union.

* A common fallacy is that USI is just its officers in some office in Dublin, or else an organisation for the provision of cheap travel. This is just not true. USI is all its collective membership. Its officers are just its spokesmen and functionaries.
HOW IS U.S.I. CONTROLLED?

* The policy of USI is decided by The Annual Congress, to which each affiliated local student union is entitled to send delegates based on its numbers of students.

* National Council, which meets about once every six weeks and to which each college is entitled to one delegate, is the formal Executive of the Union. It takes decisions about the running of campaigns, finance etc.

* The Officers of USI are elected to execute the policy decided by Congress and National Council.

* A. The three full-time officers; President, Deputy President and Education Officer are elected at Congress.

  B. The six Vice-Presidents, Culture, Welfare, External Relations, International, National Affairs and Sport are elected by National Council, to carry out specific functions.

* Each sector e.g. Teacher Education, Technological etc. has a conference each year which discusses problems particular to that sector and there exist committees in each of these sectors.

What does USI do?

* USI negotiates on a national level on behalf of students with Government Departments, educational bodies and other national organisations.
* It seeks to represent student's views on a variety of issues as decided by National Council and Congress.

* It organises campaigns on issues decided by Congress and National Council.

* It provides research material on educational and other issues of concern to students.

* It assists its constituent student unions in organising their work, in negotiating, in providing services etc.

* It provides a travel service to students, through its travel company USIT.

* It provides an insurance service to students, through its insurance company, Progressive Insurances.

* It co-ordinates the work of local student unions and organises seminars, conferences, work shops etc., on various matters of interest to the local unions.

* It represents Irish Students internationally, through its membership of the International Union of Students (IUS). It has been a member of the 26-member Secretariat of the IUS since 1971.

* Recently its representative on the Secretariat, John Curran was elected Chairman of the European Commission of the IUS.

* It publishes booklets, posters, leaflets, briefing documents, etc., on matters of concern to Irish Students and also publishes a regular newspaper "USI NEWS".

**HOW IS U.S.I. FINANCED**

* Very badly!

* Through affiliation fees paid by each C.O. based on its numbers of students.

* Through a commission from the sale of ISTC Cards (The Travel Card).
During the next year a major drive will be made to establish the national union and the local unions on a more stable financial base.

The audited accounts of the union are available for inspection by any member at USI H.Q. Your local union should also have a copy.

**USI in Northern Ireland**

Students in Northern Ireland are joint members of USI and NUSUK. This is under a Protocol agreement which was signed in 1975 between both national unions. Under this protocol student unions in Northern Ireland affiliate jointly to both unions, pay a joint affiliation fee and are serviced through a Joint Regional Committee. A full-time Regional Officer is employed jointly by the national unions to service the student unions in the North.

**THE OFFICERS OF U.S.I.** for 1978/79 are:–

- President: Peter Davies
- Deputy President: John Gallagher
- Education Officer: Tom Costello
APPRENTICES

The Rights of an Apprentice

Apprenticeship - A Legal Contract:

Apprenticeship is an agreement in law between employer and apprentice. It cannot be broken during the training period except by mutual consent or the consent of the Council of AnCO.

When You Start Work - Register with AnCO:

Your employer normally takes care of this. If he fails to do so remind him of his responsibility or contact AnCO yourself. On being registered, AnCO, will send your employer your Log Book. This must be signed by you, your parents and your employer. Signing the Log Book is signing your contract of apprenticeship. Your employer keeps the Log Book until you have served your full apprenticeship.

Join a Trade Union:

Try to take an active and responsible part in Union Affairs. Find out if the Union has a young workers section, if so join it.

Learning The Skills of Your Trade:

1. As an apprentice you have a right to be trained in all aspects of your trade. The various operations in which you should be trained are in the Log Book supplied to your employer by AnCO.

2. Once you are registered with AnCO your employer is obliged to release you with pay to attend day or block release courses.

3. If the employer is unable to provide adequate training in the trade, the apprentice can apply to AnCO for a temporary or permanent transfer to another employer who can provide the training necessary.
4. AnCO attempt to provide temporary training for apprentices whose training has been disrupted through redundancy, trade dispute etc.

5. Apprentices who have difficulties with regard to any of the above points should contact the Apprentice Service Section of AnCO giving details of their complaints and requesting the service of a training advisor. They should also contact their Trade Union.

DISMISSAL

AnCO must agree to your dismissal:

After six months probationary period it is illegal for an employer to dismiss an apprentice without consent from the Council of AnCO. The employer must give AnCO and the apprentice one months notice of his intention to apply for consent to dismiss. The only exception to these rules is grave misconduct. (Dismissal Rules under Section 24 of the Apprenticeship Act, 1959).

Find out was your dismissal legal:

1. Write to AnCO inquiring if an application for consent to dismiss has been made and if consent has been given for your dismissal.

2. If AnCO tell you that they will not consent to your dismissal inform your employer that you are aware of this fact and that you are not accepting that he has the right to dismiss you.

3. You should also inform your Trade Union and ask them to take up your case.

LOOKING FOR ANOTHER JOB:

If your employer will not take you back and you are not offered another job take the following steps:

1. Go to the Labour Exchange immediately. Bring your Insurance cards as soon as you get them from your employer.

2. Apply to AnCO for a training course in your trade.
3. Register with National Manpower Service.

4. Contact your Trade Union informing them that you are unemployed, they may be able to help you find a job.

5. Contact your former employer and get references from him. He may also be aware of vacancies and recommend you for them.

WHEN RE-EMPLOYED:

Notify AnCO.

CHANGING EMPLOYER OR CHANGING TRADES:

If you wish to take up work with a new employer you must first receive the permission of AnCO and the consent of your employer. If you wish to leave your trade and take up a different trade you should inform AnCO of your wish to do so. They will help you in so far as is possible.

KNOW YOUR RIGHTS:

In 1976 over 1,000 apprentices experienced unemployment, in many cases this could have been avoided if the apprentices knew their rights or knew what to do when they lost their jobs. So KNOW YOUR RIGHTS.

POINTS TO REMEMBER:

Apprenticeship is a legal contract and an apprentice has a right to:

1. Uninterrupted training in his trade.

2. Be trained in all aspects of his trade.

3. Be released to a College of Technology.

4. The protection of AnCO when being dismissed.

REMEMBER TO:

1. Register with AnCO.

2. Join a Trade Union.
WHERE TO GO:

Some Useful Addresses:-

Apprentices Services,
AnCO - The Industrial Training Authority,
P.O. Box 456, Baggot Court,
27 - 33, Upper Baggot Street,
Dublin 4. Tel: 685777.

AnCO Training Service,
Ballyfermot Hill, Dublin 10. Tel: 366211

National Manpower Service,
O'Connell Bridge House, Dublin 12. Tel: 711544

Irish Congress of Trade Unions,
Education Training and Advisory Service,
1, Grand Parade, Dublin 6. Tel: 974244

EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES

North City:

MEN 50, Lower-ardiner St., Dublin 1. Tel: 746501

WOMEN North Cumberland Street, Dublin 1. Tel: 742583

SOUTH CITY:

MEN Werburgh Street, Dublin 8. Tel: 751072

WOMEN Victoria Street, Dublin 8. Tel: 752128

Apprentice Committee

An Apprentice Committee was founded on the 1st June, 1977 in Bolton Street with Paul Forry and Sean Timon elected as acting Chairman and Secretary respectively. The object of an Apprentice Committee is to seek and get improvements for Apprentices in relation to your job, AnCO and the trade unions.

A similar committee exists in Kevin Street. The committee will have one representative on the Student Union Executive in order to relate back to the Union, the particular developments and issues that occur in the apprentice area.
Your situation will not change within the college (Bolton St. and Linenhall). You still are a full member of the Students Union and your interests will continue to be voiced and protected through the Students Union and its representation on various college committees. But only the Apprentice Committee can organise apprentices within AnCO and the Trade Union movement to ensure that your interests are protected "on the job".

Basically the role and responsibility of the Apprentice Committee will be to:-

To liaise with the trade unions and the Irish Congress of Trade Unions in order to give apprentices some muscle.

To work with Kevin Street Apprentice Committee in drawing up a list of minimum demands (Bill of Rights) for Apprentices.

To draw up a blacklist of companies who regularly fire senior apprentices without AnCO's written permission (which is illegal) and hire junior apprentices to take their place. This blacklist will be posted on to the trade unions and the I.C.T.U.
To get every apprentice to join a trade union and as many as possible active in the trade union youth committees.

Finally, to get trade unions, in general, to adopt a more responsive stand in relation to apprentices and apprentice unemployment.

WHAT YOU CAN DO:

Firstly, you can help the Apprentice Committee. Drop your name and address and days you attend Bolton St. into the committee in the Students Union Office in the basement floor of the main building.

GET A CLASS REP. ELECTED

If you need a hand get in touch with the Apprentice Committee or the Students Union Paul Farrell, in the Union office.

JOIN A TRADE UNION AND CHECK THAT YOU ARE REGISTERED WITH AnCO TEL: 685777 TODAY.

VOICE YOUR OPINIONS AND VIEWS ON AND GIVE YOUR SUPPORT TO THE "BILL OF APPRENTICE RIGHTS" WHEN IT IS PRODUCED.

REMEMBER UNITY IS THE STRENGTH TO CHANGE - SO GET ACTIVE IN YOUR TRADE UNION.

FACILITIES: (See also Students Union section)

Although facilities in general are pretty scarce in Bolton St. (and in the Linenhall building) some odds and ends do exist.

Pool tables, football machines and the Students Union Shop can be used by ALL apprentices in the common room (basement in the Bolton St. main building). Good concerts and films etc., are usually held in the Kinema (C.28) again in the main building at dinner hour(12.30 - 2.30 p.m.) or in the evening.

Internation Student Travel cards can be obtained in the Students Union office by Block Release students
PART-TIME STUDENTS

Part-time or night students number almost 1,500 in Bolton St. thus constituting a large proportion of the Union membership. In the past no organised lobby has existed within the ranks of part-time students and this had led to a low level of servicing of night students by the Union. The problems are manifold in this area and are easily recognisable but still difficult to overcome. The problem is one of personnel, the executive of the Union, excepting the President, are all part-time officers and are not always available at night when the majority of part-time students are actually in the college. The transient nature of part-time students also leads to the problem of few people who can consistently remain in contact with the executive on matters concerning part-time students. It is hoped this year to tackle these problems and the executive intend to put forward proposals which will be fully explained to part-time students through meetings and bulletins.

The proposals generally take the form of the setting up of some type of part-time students liaison committee and the operation of a clinic period for part-timers. Nevertheless it must be realised by part-time students that such proposals can only be carried through with the active co-operation of the students themselves. The importance of having a Union contact i.e. a class rep. must be realised and all classes will have to elect class reps. if any success is to be gained.

All sections of this handbook should be read by part-time students but most importantly those dealing with the structure and services of the Union, the Welfare section and Clubs and societies. The students shop remains open until 21.00 hrs. and carries a large range of stationery, technical equipment, papers and confectionary at very low prices.
Being a student doesn’t have to mean living on the breadline. But you need advice about your finances from people you can rely on. And you’ve got friends at AIB.

AIB have specially appointed Student Officers to help you solve your money problems. They’ll be glad to explain our: Career Plan, Student/Parent Plan, Student Travel Loan Plan, Free Cheque Book Account. So make a point of calling to your AIB Student Branch at 40 Capel Street, Dublin 1. Your Student Officer, Michael Ashe, will be glad to help you.

While you’re there ask for a copy of our free booklet: The Student and the Bank.
YOUR COLLEGE

Bolton Street in its size, range of courses, history, structure and problems is probably unique. It is not untrue to say that there is ample material for a course dealing simply with a study, and hopefully an understanding, of the C.D.V.E.C. system and Bolton Street's dominant place in that system. In this section it is hoped to explain simply the history and present structure of your college, it is impossible to expect every student to fully understand the system we operate under. Nevertheless any minutely aware student will need to understand the bones of his college's academic and government system if he is to understand what our college is, or at least should be, about. It is hoped that after the next few pages you will have a better understanding of your college.
The college now caters for almost 1,000 full-time third level students, 1,500 part-time/evening students and over 3,500 apprentices, making it the second largest college in the country, on simple enrolment figures. But taken on a whole-time equivalent basis its enrolments is fifth largest after UCD, TCD, UCC and UCG, i.e. the largest non-university college in the country and larger than almost 50 other third level establishments. Now this year with the advent of the Dublin Institute of Technology (an amalgam of the six Colleges under the City of Dublin Vocational Education Committee), Bolton Street along with its other five "partners" make up the largest technological institute in either Northern or Southern Ireland. The major problem which this poses is the fact that we still operate under the 1930 Act which decrees a maze of structures which are totally undemocratic, un-representative, ineffectual and antediluvian.

With the space and facilities available in the Bolton Street, Linenhall and Longford House sites it is amazing that it can cater for such a large number of students and that it succeeds in maintaining high standards in its 150 different courses. Recognition for courses is world-wide. In Ireland students are often regarded as the best in their fields and there is a great degree of co-operation with employers, businesses, professionals and educationalists outside of the college. Internationally, apprentices regularly win top awards in the world championships and technician and technological graduates occupy top positions in their respective areas.

COLLEGE GOVERNMENT

The government of the college takes the form of two main areas academic and administrative. Before describing the intricacies of the internal government of the college it is necessary to examine the bodies at the top.

COLLEGE PRINCIPAL

This is the office which in theory is responsible for all internal organisation. In reality all the major work is done by department and school heads on the academic side and administrators such as Exams Secretary, Accounts Department and College Secretary/Registrar in the non-academic area. On rare exceptions does the Principal involve himself in day to day matters. He entrusts the work into the hands of his staff and signs letters when necessary.
In reality, then, this position is one of nominal head. He has overall power to initiate and end matters as he sees fit but rarely uses it. College Principal is the name with which outsiders identify. He represents the college on a mass of external bodies with the aim of getting a better deal for the college both from his direct superiors, the VEC and Department of Education, and also from educational, professional union and private bodies.

Dr. John D. Barry is the man who is Bolton Street to all of these people. He listens to their ideas on education, especially when the interests of Bolton Street are in question. He sits on committees and is elected to positions, attends dinners and buys jars in the cause of Bolton Street.

Dr. Barry's job is indeed a difficult one but he has managed through his many years as Principal to persevere in the defence, rather than the expansion, of his college. The reason why his defence of the college has been necessary is that in the past few years our college, along with the other VEC colleges, has been under continual attack financially, academically and politically from outside forces who don't seem to understand what technological education is about. Nevertheless, Dr. Barry is a worthy ambassador and in his dealings he has always been sympathetic to students interests and demands.
COLLEGE COUNCIL

This is the governing body of the college and has twelve members. The Principal, 4 members of the VEC, a representative of the Dublin Trades Council, a Teachers Union of Ireland member, the President of the Students Union and four nominees of the government (see Page 3, College Prospectus.) The College Secretary, Head of the School of Trades - Mr. J.B. Hickey, and the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the City of Dublin VEC, Mr.J.J. Mc. Kay attend in an advisory capacity.

In practice this should be the great melting pot where everything concerning the college is discussed in detail and wise and democratic decisions arrived at. But no. It is a stifling two hour session which has as much exciting discussion as the Dail in recess. It is dominated by the Chairman, Mr. Paddy Donegan and with the exception of the students, staff and trades council reps., only Mr. Tony Harkin makes any impact. The VEC members and two other Government nominees may as well stay at home - and they generally do.

Now that college council has become merely an advisory body to the governing body of D.I.T. it's actual existence must be called into question, the fact that it now has no real powers whatsoever makes it's once monthly meeting seem pointless.
Governing Body of Dublin Institute of Technology

This new body is simply another layer of bureaucracy through which most major decisions and recommendations of the individual colleges must go before they reach the Vocational Education Committee. In practical terms it simply means that student demands must be pushed through another committee, largely consisting of the same people who sit on subordinate committees, before actual decisions are taken. At the time of writing the make up of the governing body has yet to be finalised but there will be some student representation on it.

CITY OF DUBLIN VOCATIONAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE

The deliberations of the governing body of D.I.T. are reported to the VEC who act on them as far as their own limited ability, politicking and bureaucratic minds will allow them. The VEC may and quite often do refer many matters to one or all of their sub-committees for building, finance and planning.

The VEC is a fourteen man body drawn from within the ranks of the Dublin Corporation members with the exception of its six co-opted members, with only one non-political person included and he is a clergyman. The latter fact is, perhaps, indicative of the attitude of this and most other controlling bodies in education. When it comes to giving much needed representation to non-political hacks it is not a VEC staff member or indeed a student representative who is chosen, but instead a clergyman who has no specialist knowledge of, or other involvement in, higher technological education. Nevertheless the VEC through the guidance of it's senior academics is one of the most progressive educational establishments in the British Isles providing education ranging from preschool through primary, secondary, vocational, third level and adult education.

Academic Structure

Academic control is centred around the heads of schools and departments as they are the only members who sit on most rungs of the academic ladder ranging from departmental board through to the Joint Colleges Academic Council.
The following is a theoretical breakdown on the academic government of the college, but in practice many of the groupings listed are worthless as they hold no real power.

**COURSE COMMITTEES**

Where the staff involved in the running of a course come together to discuss problems and developments. These supposedly include part-time staff but generally only include full-time members and are presided over by the departmental head.

**COURSE ADVISORY COMMITTEES**

These are external professional, business and educational interests who advise the college staff on various matters from time to time.

**DEPARTMENTAL BOARDS**

This is the stage where students supposedly have a say. These boards should consist of equal staff and student representation, but particularly in part-time and apprentice courses there is little or no representation. Whereas, at full-time level, students rarely achieve anything as the staff are unable to concede certain points e.g., more space, extra equipment or are unwilling to concede that certain staff members should be replaced by more dedicated and competent people, or that courses or subjects should be altered.

Before these boards achieve anything they will have to become statutorily based with decisions taken being binding on the staff and especially the Department Head who usually presides at these meetings.

All the above are internal course committees and the common denominator is usually the Department Head. He then takes all his course problems and positions to a variety of extra department groupings who formulate school, college and VEC policy on the education you are receiving. These bodies are as follows:-

**ACADEMIC BOARD**

This college, as throughout the Dublin VEC, has an academic board which has overall responsibility for college academic policy and programming. It consists of the Principal (or
his nominees), heads of schools and heads of departments. It's discussions are general except where particular situations have arisen in one department or other. This board is under College Council but rarely if ever are the academic matters referred to or discussed at College Council. Instead it's deliberations seem to be reported to the:

JOINT COLLEGES ACADEMIC COUNCIL

This body, with representatives of the five third level City of Dublin VEC colleges, discuss academic problems of the system as a whole and report to the VEC who then implement or reject their proposals if the Department of Education will allow them as it is the VEC who have final control over all of our education.

The other ancilliary area is that of exams and a brief breakdown of the structure of this section follows:

EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Consists of all staff who are responsible for the setting and correcting of any subject in a department. Papers are first submitted by the particular lecturer to the exams office who sends them for vetting to the department head - if it is an internal exam, and to the appropriate body, e.g. NCEA, City and Guilds, Department of Education etc., if the course is one which is validated by an external body. The final paper is then administered by the exams office. This includes layout, exam code etc., and the first you see of it is on the fateful morning when you are asked to answer the many and varied questions thereon.

Each lecturer then corrects their papers and all staff come together at an exam meeting when decisions are taken on each case. Most cases are a formality having definitely passed (or failed) and it is the borderline cases who are discussed at length. The department head (yet again) brings these results through their usually concluding stages and results are then sent out by the examinations office.

EXAMS EXECUTIVE Full Time Courses Only:

Consisting of the Principal, heads of schools and heads of departments, college secretary and college exams secretary. They discuss general exams strategy, e.g. dates, standards etc.
For City & Guilds, and Department of Education exams the structure is generally that papers are set and corrected centrally as are the inter and leaving cert. The colleges only role is one of administering and practical aspects on behalf of these bodies.

**Administrative Structure**

The structure of the college, from an overall governing situation doesn't have so many internal groups. Decisions are taken by individuals in consultation with relevant staff both academic and administrative, and these decisions are then communicated to the external powers.

Central to all college government is the College Secretary/Registrar. The present incumbent is Mr. Michael Marnane who's office is just inside the glass doors on the B floor in Bolton Street. Everything from buying new bulbs to organising a party to extending the college must go through his office. He is the common denominator to all sub-committees in the college, but most of his work is done through informal discussion.

The two internal sub-committees are:-

**LIBRARY COMMITTEE**

This committee has many academic staff, two student representatives plus the librarian and college secretary. This group discuss the general running of the library, but in reality most of the decisions relating to day to day and detail operations are taken outside of this committee.

**CANTEEN COMMITTEE**

Again it has many staff, two student representatives, plus the canteen manager and manageress and Mr. Marnane. As above general canteen problems are discussed e.g. price increases, extra facilities and staffing.

Both these committees report to the College Principal for his further edification and glory.
School of Architecture Surveying and Building

Head of School - Kevin Fox

The School contains just less than half of the full-time students in the college all of whom are following full-time technological and technician courses, with only a small number engaged in part-time and evening studies at the same levels.

It has two departments:

Department of Architecture and Town Planning

Head of Department : Jack O'Keeffe : Room A.10
Assistant Head : Liam Carlin : Room B.26
Senior Lecturer : Tony Johnson (Longford House) : Room 15
Dept. Secretary : Lillian Quinn : Room A.10

plus a full-time staff of 17 and a part-time staff of 30 who hang out in Rooms A.10: A.15A: and room 15 in Longford House. Students in this department occupy rooms A.1: A.9 - 15, B.17 and B.18 in Bolton Street and are fortunate in that they do not have to share their rooms with any other students. In Longford House Rooms 11, 16 and 17 house the architectural technology students.

Department of Surveying + Building Technology

Head of Department : Eanna de Burca : Room A.2
Assistant Heads : Kevin Murnane : Room A.3
: Larry Liddle : Room A.3
Senior Lecturers : Joe Davis : Room A.3.
: Joseph O'Byrne : Room 12
(Longford House)
Dept. Secretary : Mary McLoughlin : Room A.2.
Full-time staff - 16  Part-time staff - 33 who inhabit rooms A.2: B.20 and Room 12 in Longford House.


First and second year CED and EED:  Z.1/2: Z.3/4 Annexe
Geo-Surveying : Z.5 Annexe and A.16 Bolton Street.
Construction Technicians: Rooms 1, 4 & 5 Longford House.

School of Engineering

HEAD OF SCHOOL-VACANT

This school encompasses five departments and provides courses from craft to full professional level. It includes the Department of Science and Mathematics which rates as a service department supplying lecturers to all college courses. The level of integration between courses is at an advanced stage with students moving from craft to technician to professional.

Department of Engineering Technology

Head of Department : Michael O'Donnell : Rooms B.5 & B.7.
Assistant Head : Michael Murphy : Room B.7
Senior Lecturers : James Daly : Room C.22A
                      : Matt Russell : Rooms B.37 & B.7
Dept. Secretary : Grainne O'Reilly : Room B.7

plus a full-time staff of 21 and part-time staff of 55 whose staff rooms are B.30 and B.34A (off B.37). Students here are nomadic, having to move from room to room for different lectures and practicals but B.31-33 are regular morning hangouts for the latter years of the Dip. Eng. course and the technicians often occupy rooms like C.22A or B. B.11 - 13 are also popular with both groups. All engineers use the labs. and workshops, which are scattered everywhere
and a surprising number live in the library, so, if you're an excited young 1st Arch., please take care not to wake them up when you see them swotting.

**Department of Science + Mathematics**

Head of Department : Jim Nunan : Room B. 5

Assistant Head : Gerry Lawlor : Room A.24

Senior Lecturer : Derry Cotter : Room B.35

plus a complement of 16 full-time and 5 part-time staff whose staff rooms are C.33 and B.20 and who include liberal studies lecturers such as Marguerita O'Kelly and Billy McCarthy.

This department only runs part-courses e.g. maths in the G.C.E. and mainly services all other departments.

**Department of Engineering Trades**

Head of Department : Robert Eustace : Room C. 2

Assistant Head : Joseph Shiels : Room C. 2

plus 9 full-time and 11 part-time staff, who inhabit staff-room C.33.

This department caters primarily for apprentices in the fitting and turning trades which for you ignoramuses (or is it ignorami) is precision tool making and allied engineering trades. The machine rooms, C.29: C.30: D.27 and B.29 are used as well as lecture rooms in the Linenhall and Licquorice Factory. Like all apprentices these students are on block or day release and many graduate to do advanced courses and up to technician and professional level.

**Department of Aeronautical Engineering**

Head of Department: Thomas McInerney : Room E. 7

Assistant Head : Michael Forde : Room E. 7
plus a staff consisting of 1 full-time member complemented by 19 part-timers.

This department is based in the Liquorice Factory at the back of the main car-park. It provides a wide range of courses varying from a full-time three year course to part-time courses preparing people for private pilot licence exams. The Liquorice Factory houses a very interesting range of workshops and these students only rarely venture outside for a small number of lectures and practicals.

Department of Automobile Engineering

Head of Department : John Guirke : Room D.18
Assistant Head : Richard Dowling : Room D.16

This department is similar to the latter in its range of courses but the type of machines involved generally stay on the ground. The three year full-time Motor Industry Management students are based in the D. floor in Bolton Street where there are numerous garages and workshops. About 850 students primarily block release and part-timers are involved in this department where many other students would like to be able to spend some hours working on their bikes and bangers.

Dept. Secretary : Dora Rooney : Room D.16
School of Trades

The Linenhall building houses the School of Trades, which consists exclusively of apprentices. It is an old building which has been refurbished to provide an education for its 2,000 plus students. Rooms 105 and 106 house the general office and exams office respectively and it is here as well as at the departmental offices that general information can be had. (See also section on apprentices and part-time students.)

HEAD OF SCHOOL: J.B. Hickey Room 102 - Linenhall

This school provides part-time day and evening classes for apprentices, craftsmen and technicians who are actually engaged in the construction, furniture, vehicle building and metal fabrication courses. Students generally attend one day per week for the day courses and on two evenings per week for the more advanced levels. Block-release apprentices form a large percentage of students in this school.

Department of Building Trades 'A'

Head of Department: Michael Murray : Room 129 Linenhall

plus a full-time staff of 7 with one part-time member, who use Room 104 as a staff room.

The courses in this department are complimentary to those in Building Trades B. being associated with the construction industry. Some courses dealt with in this department are Bricklaying and Painting & Decorating. The vast majority of apprentices in both departments are day release students and it remains to be seen how the new AnCO scheme will affect the running of the overall trades school.

Department of Building Trades 'B'

Head of Department : Thomas Bridgman : Room 229 Linenhall

plus a full-time staff of 12 and Room 104 is where they are available.

The courses for these mainly day-release students are in the general area of construction studies and includes construction studies, carpentry and joinery etc. Some students from here have graduated right through to professional level with the
help of the ever enthusiastic and industrious Head of Department.

Department of Metal Fabrication

Head of Department : John Bolton : Room 10 Linenhall
Assistant Head : Brendan Rooney : Room 10 Linenhall

plus 18 full-time and 3 part-time members who are available in Room 104
The students here are all apprentices on day or block release from their places of employment to follow courses such as plumbing and heating, foundry work, welding and sheet metal work.

School of Printing + Book Production

HEAD OF SCHOOL - Vacant

Assistant Heads of Department - Prionsias O'hEiffernain and Joseph Reddin - Room C.12 who work with a full-time staff of 11 and a part-time staff 19

Department Secretary : Joan Cummins : Room C.12

This school occupies rooms on both the D and C floors of the Bolton St. building and offers technician and apprentice level courses in a wide range of subjects and skills related to printing and book binding. Most of its students are block-release i.e. spending periods of 11 - 13 weeks per year in the college. The remainder are evening students who are engaged in the business in some way already. There are many fascinating skills demonstrated in the workshops and some of the equipment is the most modern available.

TEACHER EDUCATION

The college in conjunction with the Department of Education runs a course designed to train teachers in the Metalwork area. The head of this department is Mr. Hunt - D.14A but the students in this two year course are slow to join in activity outside of their course. It can only be hoped that the course in general can become more integrated in the college structure, and that conditions for it can be improved.
Attempts last year by my learned predecessor to forecast the future of Bolton Street only served to illustrate the unpredictable "ad hoc" planning and theorising which is the wont of anyone involved in technological education. That is not to say that one should not attempt to predict future developments, but past experience has shown that to guess as to the actions of our overlords viz., Ministers of Education, V.E.C., NIHE etc., is basically the expression of an opinion because nobody really knows! A relevant quote from the article in question "Whither Bolton St.?"] illustrates the futility of it all:— "Next years handbook will only tell what goes on in Bolton St. buildings not Bolton St. college, which hopefully will not die without a fight".

The observation made that we would be under the governance of NIHE Dublin was one which seemed inevitable provided one did not account for the lethargy of our present Minister plus the unpredictable actions of the VEC. No doubt the VEC has caught everyone on the hop with the introduction of the Dublin Institute of Technology or DIT as I'm sure it will affectionately become known as.

So before I go and put my political head on the chopping block by trying to predict what will become of Bolton St., this year there follows a refresher course on the goings on in technological education in the past ten years.

In the late 60's early 70's technological education was firmly established as an integral part of the higher
education system. The development of the Regional Technical Colleges was far advanced and a government decision on the VEC's Ballymun Report was eagerly awaited. The Ballymun Report envisaged the setting up of a new polytech type institute encompassing all the third level courses under the VEC.

Then came Dick Burke, his proposals for the restructuring of higher education are still causing many academics spine shivers. Dick went, no doubt regretting that his master Liam had ever given him the education portfolio but in his wake he left many forced alliances which were previously inconceivable. One such alliance is the TCD/VEC degree link where Dublin University now validates all degree level courses in the VEC system.

The NCEA was returned it's degree awarding powers by the present government but it now operates in limbo land still awaiting the promised legislation to formalise it's existence.

NIHE Dublin has an office, two secretaries, a plan for the institute and a governing body. Yet still absolutely nothing to govern and unless intense pressure is applied to the silver haired latin scholar in Marlborough St., it's likely to remain that way at least until elections are in the air once more.

So what is to become of us? We are fast approaching a crisis situation with regard to technological education in the Dublin area. The development of the RTC system has given much needed space to the rural areas but Dublin has been neglected. The situation is that now the capital city and it's hinterland is deficient in technological places and any development in Dublin will, and must be, accompanied by the attendant power struggles and politicking.

It is likely that the legislation formalising the NCEA will come this year but it's role in the future development of education will remain somewhat undefined.

As for NIHE Dublin, it's anybodys guess as to whether there will be concrete developments in the immediate future. The next indication should come later this year when the Minister has to reappoint the governing body.
So for the present we students in Bolton Street must labour on under our inadequate conditions and hope that some day the politicians will realise that economic advancement is inextricably linked to a sound educational, particularly technological, system.

Paul Farrell
September, 1978
There are many clubs and societies in existence in Bolton St., granted more often than not their existence only becomes apparent with requests for funding. Last year, the level of activity in this area was, frankly, appalling. The tradition of at least one party being arranged by the course related societies met its demise last year.

The problem in this area is that the clubs and societies are forced by the general union membership to operate in a type of "catch 22" situation. Members will creep out of the woodwork when "the thing gets going" but, naturally, in order for "things to get going" there must be members.

Formerly there were two main problems in the clubs and societies area, tradition and finance. The tradition of very active societies has still to be innoculated into Bolton St. It is one area where the Union cannot help, it is entirely up to you. Secondly, the old bogey of no finance was overcome with last years increased capitation grant. Over £3,000 was set aside by the Union for clubs and societies last year, all of this amount was not taken up!

So if you want to save your college from becoming a pure "student" factory, with no extra curricular activity, and you being merely "grist for the mill" get off your butt and do something!

There follows a brief description of the various clubs and societies in existence in the college; on Freshers Day the open societies and clubs will be out to enlist, force and generally pressgang new members, so hang around and see how many you can join in one day.
Course Related Societies

Architectural Students Association (A.S.A.)

Undoubtedly the most active, entertaining and diversified society in existence. Their members, about 250, can be expected to get up to anything. They usually initiate the year with their first party and then work (play) their way up to "Phlash Friday" in second term. This day of high, low and middle jinks, with full staff participation, produces much riotous and lecherous fun, and culminates in the usual party. Definitely a society from which a lot could be learned by other societies.

FLASH FRIDAY........... 2nd term 78'

Society of Student Engineers (S.S.E.)

The serious society in Bolton Street. It democratically goes through the processes of regular well advertised meetings, electing a very full compliment of officers, mandating reps. on important educational matters of the day, and involves itself within Student Union activities to a greater degree than any other society. All of which makes for a more industrious and understanding bunch of people. The event of the year is the Inaugural Meeting when a final year student presents a Paper on some learned subject.

Graduates and other prominent engineers are invited along to listen and afterwards have tea sambos and alcohol. Site visits and industrial trips give the hardworking engineers a few well earned rests.
Society of Student Surveyors (S.S.S.)

Internal bickering, power struggles and personality clashes put paid to any S.S.S. activities last year, forcing the Union to freeze their income. This group will have to reassess their position in the coming year if they are to justify any income, besides we cannot afford to have 180 full-time students only engaged in study. Perhaps the fact that two courses E.E.D. and C.E.D. attempt to operate this society is the crux of the problem?

Student Society of Motor Industry Management (S.S.M.I.M.)

These fifty students following the three year management course seem to spend all their time ensuring jobs for themselves on qualifying, which is all very well if you are a final year, does little to excite first and second year. With so many bike and car freaks among the other courses these lads could provide a very interesting forum for organising motor sport events not only for themselves but also for the rest of the college. Of course field trips and society parties also form part of their activities in Longford House.

Society of Student Aeronautical Engineers (S.S.A.E.)

Something similar applies to the S.S.A.E. as to the S.S.M.I.M. above. These lads, based in the Licquorice Factory follow a three year full-time "apprentice" course in aero engineering. Here though the limiting factor is not the attempt to line up jobs, as they are guaranteed employment by Aer Lingus, but the fact that they are apprentices, which leaves them subject to very severe disciplining conditions from an over protective staff. But despite this when these flying men come to life they do so with a vengeance, going all over the world playing soccer matches and promoting the good name of the college.
Student Society of Architectural Technicians (S.S.A.T.)

This Longford House based society draws its membership from the three year Architectural Technician Diploma course and they have tended to run a very independent road. Their location, as with S.S.M.I.M., makes it difficult for them to become totally integrated in college activities but they do act as a focal point for activity in Longford House. Their parties have a reputation second to none and they can claim to have given the Boomtown Rats to the world. Profits made from these parties and other ventures allow them to work in an orphans party at Xmas. With some extra finance this year, their activities should be well worth getting involved in.

Society of Engineering Technician Students - (S.E.T.S.)

This society is an amalgamation of the old Civil and Structural society and a short lived Environmental Technician society of three years ago. The membership is now drawn from among the full-time students following the D.46C and D.46H courses and as above membership of equivalent part-time students would be a decided advantage. Probably more than any other society, the S.E.T.S. have a reputation for college parties and the more serious side tends to get a little lost. With greater cohesion between the different groups involved a more balanced approach will evolve.

Graduate Associations:

The only courses in the college which have made any attempt to organise its graduates are the professional engineers and the architectural technicians, and even here the degree of success leaves much to be desired. It is to be hoped that all course related societies will investigate the possibilities of this type of association during the year. Staff and the present sets of final years will have a vital role to play and the executive hope to issue a report during the year with the aim of encouraging this type of activity.
Open Societies

College Debating Society (C.D.S.)

A persistent and determined society if nothing else. Two years ago, with a publicity orientated committee, they provided regular "shows" under the guise of debates, for the home crowd, while the more serious and vocal members continued to debate in the more orthodox fashion. Last year faced with the dilemma of becoming the unofficial Union Ents. committee or returning to their true role, and once again trying to woo the home crowd they opted for the latter.

Some of the more dedicated members achieved some notable successes in various debating competitions last year, but little materialised on their home ground. Many attempts by this society to harangue, sermonize and persuade the student body have only led them to believe that students in Bolton St. won't say anything, have nothing to say and don't want to listen to anybody else saying something.

DRAMA SOCIETY

A society which was active (geddit?) last year. They produced an excellent version of the play "On the Outside" and as well as performing in the Kinema they took their production to the finals of a drama competition in Dundalk. While their operations were somewhat clandestine last year they are nevertheless an open society, so all burgeoning
Cliff Clark's and James Deans should make their presence felt on Fresher's Day. Remember that with this type of society productions, casting etc., need a lot of forward planning so if you are going to join, join at the outset.

**College Christian Society (C.C.S.)**

A small committed multidenominational group who meet twice a week and involve themselves in discussions and readings of a christian nature. Not the kind of group to gain mass support but nevertheless are likely to gain further members during '78 - '79.

**Bolton Street Young Christian Workers**

The only apprentice based group in college. These young workers have been very active during the past year in the area of educating apprentices to their rights and gained wide publicity for their survey of work conditions. They hope to work closely with the Union Apprentice Committee this year to further improve the educational and material conditions of their fellow students.

**ORIENTEERING SOCIETY**

A society which emerged last year and really thrived. It is mainly administered by a few interested Surveyors and Architects. It arranges orienteering events throughout the country on a regular basis. Orienteering basically consists of navigating by running/walking/trotting (it's up to you) around a set course using one's map reading ability. The course consists of a number of controls which are located at features in the forests such as boulders, crags, junctions or walls etc., and the object of the sport is to find all of the controls on your course and get to the finish as soon as possible. The attraction of orienteering as a sport is that you can participate without having to compete, the idea is simply to get out in the fresh air amidst some of the best scenery in Ireland and enjoy yourself.

**POLITICAL GROUPINGS**

Political parties have never been very active in Bolton St., and any party branches which appeared soon died from the dreaded "boltecticus apatecticus". The situation has its pros and cons insofar as the Union's strength and unity has never been threatened by party political divisions but their
absence has contributed to a lack of political awareness which seems to permeate throughout the greater part of the membership.

Irish Democratic Youth Movement

The major political grouping in the college. The I.D.Y.M. is the youth wing of Sinn Fein the Workers Party and it’s basic aim to agitate for and work toward a democratic socialist Ireland. It’s activities mainly centre around paper sales, films, lectures and discussions etc., and the promotion of the general demands which go hand in hand with socialism such as control of our mineral wealth, the setting up of a Tenants tribunal and an expanded and more democratic education system.

Communist Party of Ireland (Marxist - Leninist)

The C.P.I. (M.L.) also operates under the title of the Bolton St. Student Movement. It’s general aim is to agitate through various means for a communist Ireland modeled on the Albanian system. It is a very small but nevertheless active group within the college.
SPORTS COUNCIL

All Sports Clubs are under the control of the Sports Council which consists of one representative from each club and from among whom a Secretary and Treasurer are elected. The Sports officer chairs all council meetings and Mr. Doogan the P.E. Instructor also attends to give practical advice. As with all Union committees and councils anybody may attend to put proposals and questions to the members concerning matters under their control.

FACILITIES

There is a gym on the top floor of the Linenhall building and this is the day to day centre of activity with classes and courses availing themselves of the few precious hours which are available for training. Each evening different clubs make use of the facilities there to keep themselves in shape for the various competitions which they enter. Pitches under the auspices of the City of Dublin VEC are maintained around the city but those in Whitehall are the most popular with the Terenure grounds also being used quite extensively.

This year it is intended to campaign for greater availability of the Gym at all times in order to allow for expansion of the number of sports clubs in the college.

Bolton Streets record in all sporting spheres is quite good and is one to be proud of and maintained. Many successes have come to the college ranging from the winning of the Gleeson Cup in Rugby to the presence within the college of an Irish rugby international and four county and all-Ireland handball champions. One of the problems in the sports area is that good players won't play for the college teams because they are not in the top leagues and obviously never will be without the top players. All students including part-time and apprentices owe it to their college to play for its sports teams and help sport develop further in the college.

Enquiries can be made at the Union office or from Mr. Doogan in the gym, any students interested in forming new clubs should apply to the sports council, through the sports officer for the necessary funding.
Football

The Gaelic football team in Bolton St. is one of the better non-university sides in the country, doing consistently well in higher education leagues and cups. Weekly training sessions are held in the gym with outdoor matches training at the weekend. Some county players have helped the team in the past, but if you know anything about the game drop along to the gym and we will make a county star of you.

Hurling

A small but hardworking group of hurlers exists in the college and their endeavours meet with regular success in competition. Training is done in conjunction with the footballers and many dual-players take part. Members from the traditional hurling counties are especially welcome, to help the team in its many leagues and championships during the coming year.

Handball

The college has been represented in various competitions in this sport in the past few years. The alley in Croke Park is booked for training and if the Gardai will allow it some practice can be had in the Green St. alley. Watch the notice boards for further information during the year. If you have played before you will be especially welcome and newcomers can play in leagues of their own standard.

Soccer

This is a highly successful club with many competition wins to their credit. Indoor tournaments take place in the gym and it is the most popular inter-class sport. Part-time and apprentice students are more involved here than in most clubs. This club has a training stint every week, under the watchful eyes of Mr. Doogan. This year the defence of the Donogh O'Malley Cup will be the main task of the club.

Swimming

While no club or facilities exist in the college, many students avail of the pool in Kevin Street. Here there are classes for beginners, life-saving and water polo. Students from Bolton St. are allowed to attend these classes on
various week-day nights. Notification of times will be made by the Union as soon as an agreement is reached but all students who wish to use the pool must have a student I.D. card.

Rugby

One of the most unpredictable groups in the college. They can vary in form from winning all round, to being beaten by 3rd F's fielding 10 players. The chief problem is that the best players only play in closed competitions, choosing to play for senior clubs in regular competition. Some years ago the club flourished and with a few dedicated administrators and senior standard players it could again become a force. The college should be capable of moving up a league grade or two and regain the Gleeson Cup, open to all non-university colleges, which they once dominated.
RESTAURANT

You can spend as much as you like at Michaels but you can still have a first class three course lunch for as little as £1. Full wine licence.

MICHAELS
60 BOLTON STREET
DUBLIN.
Tel. 786361
(For your guidance it's opposite Bolton Street College.)

Lunch 12.- 2.30
Evening A La Carte 6.- 10.
(Last Orders 9.30.)
YOUR WELFARE

This Welfare section of the Students Handbook is only meant as a guide to students in helping them deal with some of the ordinary problems which crop up in their extra college lives. The information given hereunder is by no means complete and should you have further questions or enquiries contact the Welfare Officer in the Students Union office or drop along to any of the clinics operated by the Students Advice Bureau. Here your problems will be dealt with in strictest confidence and if the members of the Bureau cannot help you yourselves then they will put you in contact with experts in the field with whom the Union has previously established links.
Students are citizens and as such have the same rights as anyone else. Invariably through timidity and ignorance people put up with much injustice and hardship which asking a few questions could alleviate. We hope that this section will help you come to a greater understanding of your rights.

**Accommodation**

Every year hundreds of students in college live away from their parents. Most of these are in private rented accommodation i.e. a flat/bedsitter while others prefer the relative ease of digs. In an attempt to help students, particularly first years, find decent accommodation the Union operates an accommodation list for a period of one week before the academic year begins, from about September 20th until around the end of the first week of October.

We have available, a list of landladies who are willing to take in students. The actual viewing and bargaining is done by the student himself and we ask all who use the service to report back so that we can check on the type of accommodation available and whether or not it has been taken.

As regards flats, we would suggest that only those with a few months experience of living in Dublin venture into a flat unless they are intending to share with an older friend or member of the family. If you intend moving into a flat here are some points to remember.

**HOW DO I GET A FLAT:**

Find yourself an Evening Press somewhere in the city centre around one o'clock, mark all the prospective flats, find yourself a telephone kiosk and ring as many numbers as you can giving your name and making an appointment for the earliest possible time.

**WHAT TO LOOK OUT FOR:**

Don't just take the first place which is offered to you. You may be desperate but you must wait to find a more suitable place. When inspecting a flat/bedsitter check for the following:
Is the place in sound structural order, no dampness, loose windows, cracks in walls, badly fitting doors.

Is there sufficient space, furniture, cooking utensils, bedclothes (except linen) power points.

Is the Landlord resident.

Does your flat have its own meter for gas/electricity.

How secure is the place and how many more flats are in the building.

How many do you share a bathroom with and does it have adequate facilities for washing.

Is there a shed or yard for your bike.

Are you near shops, on a good route to college.

If you are satisfied with the answers to most of the above, then the question of cost and agreeing to take the place arise.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AS A TENANT:

Once you agree to take the flat/bedsitter you are entitled to the following and should always keep them in mind:

1. Do you have a rent book. You are entitled to receipts for deposits and rent.

2. Is your ESB slat set correctly. You should be getting 3.9 units for 10p.

3. Does your landlord enter your flat without your permission. If he does he is trespassing and can be prosecuted.

4. Do you know your landlord can only legally evict you by applying for a court order, which may take several months.

5. Is your landlord registered. If not he is breaking the law. Check the register at 56, Dame Street.

Whenever you are having problems always offer to pay the rent and never agree to an increase in rent until the terms of your initial agreement with him have run out.
MEDICAL CARDS

All full-time students are entitled to a medical card.

Anybody who is 16 years or over and who has an income of less than £20.50p if living at home, or £23.50 if living alone is entitled to a medical card. (The income limit for a married couple with no children is £34.00 per week.)

HOW TO APPLY FOR A MEDICAL CARD:

You must complete an application form available at the Students Union office. After sending the completed forms to the Eastern Health Board, the procedure is as follows. If your application is successful the Health Board will send you out a list of private doctors participating in the scheme and a Doctor's Acceptance form. You must take this form to a doctor on the list and ask him to accept you as a patient. The form is then sent back to the Health Board and a medical card issued.

If you have been told that you are eligible for a card and are waiting for it to be issued (this can take some time) any Doctor on the list will be paid by the Health Board for attending you until the card is issued. However, the Doctor may, if he chooses, ask you to pay instead.

As it takes anything up to 12 weeks from time of application to receipt of Medical Card you should apply right away.

Once a Doctor agrees to accept a medical card holder as a patient he/she becomes entitled to exactly the same treatment as a private fee paying patient (this includes house calls etc.)

If you lose your medical card contact the Eastern Health Board immediately who will send you a duplicate copy (always take note of your medical card number).

The medical card entitles you to:

Free drugs, medicines, or appliances.

Free hospital treatment in the Board's Hospitals - no fees or treatment charges.

Free Specialist services (X-Rays, Pathology etc.)
Maternity care service and infant welfare service.

Supply of milk for expectant and nursing mothers and for children under five years of age.

If you need medical preparation which you don't need a prescription for, and would usually just buy over the counter in a chemist shop (i.e. cream for treating acne etc.) you should ask your Doctor to give you a prescription which you can present at most chemist shops (usually there is a chemist near the Doctor who deals with all his medical card prescriptions) and thus save yourself some money.

Aural and Ophthalmic, Dental treatment etc.

The procedure for obtaining these services is that any person requiring them should apply first to their Doctor. If the Doctor thinks that the person needs the service he will refer them to a Specialist at the Out-Patients Department of a hospital.

Unfortunately, Dentists in private practice do not come under the medical card scheme.

There is an extremely long waiting list for dental treatment so if you need treatment you should act straight away.
MENTAL HEALTH:

It is estimated that about 10% of students have psychological disorders which not alone cause distress but can be a severe handicap on a student's work and career opportunities. Always remember that though some disorders may appear minor and transient, they all need effective treatment if interference in your work is to be avoided.

Why are students open to such disorders:

Because of the rapid increase in compulsory examinations and the pressure of study, students have increasingly tended to drop out from college e.g. West Germany - 45%, Holland - 40%, France 65%. Failure rates of up to 50% have been recorded in some Irish third level institutions.

Academic problems are not the only ones either - financial worries caused by increasing living costs with decreasing real value of grants and scholarships, coupled with the struggle to find suitable accommodation when living away from home have also contributed to the problem of psychological disorders. Personal problems, such as coping with large impersonal institutions, loneliness and emotional crisis have taken their toll of students and have often left them in states of severe and prolonged psychotic disorder.

Students can avail of specialist psychiatric help under the medical card scheme. This is done in the same fashion as dental treatment etc. You go to your Doctor who will make the initial diagnosis and determine whether specialist treatment is necessary.

Here are a couple of suggestions, for overcoming problems created by tension and stress.

1. Talk over your problem with a friend or anyone you think is sensible and trustworthy. An outside viewpoint may give you a completely different outlook and hold the answer to your problem.

2. Think it over. Calmly try to work out your problem step by step. By considering alternative solutions and eventually deciding on a course of action you may relieve some of your own tension.

3. Get away from it all. If your work seems to be
getting on top of you to such an extent that you can't concentrate and have to keep going back - leave it. Take a few hours or maybe the rest of the day off and go for a walk, see a film or have a few drinks with a friend. Remember that there is a limit to the amount of time you can spend studying effectively.

Always remember that others may need a sympathetic ear. Be prepared to listen if somebody else needs to talk about a problem.

If you are feeling depressed or need help contact:-

The Samaritans,
66, St. William Street,
Dublin 2.

who operate a 24 hour phone service at 778833.

DRUGS:

The main categories of drug abuse are:-

Alcohol

Amphetamines: Stimulants which can create heavy psychological dependance.

Barbiturates: (and similar drugs e.g. Mandrax) Depressants and relatively common, addictive and dangerous when taken with alcohol.

Hallucinogens: (LSD etc.) Can induce psychological reactions.

Nicotine

Opiates (morphine, heroin, etc.)

Referral Centres:

Special facilities for the treatment of those abusing drugs, other than alcohol or tobacco, are provided at the following centres:
(a) The Drug Treatment and Advisory Centre, at Jervis Street Hospital, Dublin - an out-patient service only.

(b) The Eastern Health Board's Day Centre at Usher's Island, Dublin.

(c) The Special Care Unit run on behaviour modification lines, at the Central Mental Hospital, Dundrum, Co. Dublin (in-patient - 9 beds.)

(d) The Residential Drug-free Therapeutic Community at Coolmine, Clonsilla, Co. Dublin (9 places available)

Back-up Services:

Back-up services to these centres are provided at the Eastern Health Board's psychiatric hospitals and clinics, also at St. Patrick's Hospital, James's Street, Dublin and St. John of God's Hospital, Stillorgan, Co. Dublin.

Addresses:

Irish National Council for Alcoholism, 19, Fleet Street, Phone No: 774832

Alcoholics Anonymous, 25, Essex Quay, Phone No: 787527

Simon Ireland, PO Box 531, lr. Sheriff Street, Dublin 1.

Phone No: 973997

Family Planning

The legal position, following the findings of the Supreme Court in the McKee case, and which has remained unaltered as a result of the defeat of the Contraceptives Bill, 1974, is that the importation of contraceptives in any quantity is permitted (Strictly speaking, however, it is still illegal to advertise or sell them).
It now seems likely that the Minister for Health is about to legislate for the availability of contraceptives but only to married persons through their doctors. Nevertheless, contraceptives are available from the Students shop.

Contacts and Referral Agencies:

Irish Family Planning Association now runs two comprehensive Family Planning clinics at:

15, Mountjoy Square, Dublin 1.
Tel: 744133

59, Synge Street, Dublin 8.
Tel: 682420

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<tr>
<th>Day</th>
<th>15, Mountjoy Square</th>
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No appointments are necessary to attend the above clinic sessions.

A free postal and telephone advisory service in family planning problems is conducted by the Association.

People come, either on their own initiative or are referred by professional advisors, from all over Ireland. The clinics offer the following services:
1. They advise on, prescribe and fit all forms of contraception according to the needs and wishes of each patient. Contraceptives are also available to personal callers or by post.

2. Pregnancy tests.


4. Help on all sexual matters including infertility.

5. Pregnancy counselling.

Everyone attending the clinic receives the same service, and is asked to contribute according to his means.

**ADDRESSES.**

**Family Planning Services:**


Tel: 681108

Clinic service twice weekly, telephone for appointment.

Supplies by post and to callers.

For further information, consult the following:

Family Planning (30p) published by the Irish Family Planning Association, who also have a wide selection of free leaflets.

FPA Guide to Birth Control (25p + 10p (p & p) available from the (British) Family Planning Association, 21/35, Mortimer Street, London W1A.

**V.D.**

**Venereal (Sexually Transmitted) Diseases:**

The incidence of the Venereal Diseases - Gonorrhoea, Syphilis and Non Specific Urethritis (NSU) - has been increasing in Ireland in recent years although venereologists here are of the opinion that it is still not anywhere near the level of incidence in other western European countries.

V.D. is included among the diseases for which the Health Authorities will provide free treatment, hospitalisation and drugs. Clinics specifically for the treatment of V.D. exist in Cork (City Hall) and Dublin (Dr. Steeven's Hospital, Sir Patrick Dun's, Mater).
It is essential not to delay or postpone treatment, if anyone has any reason to suspect that he or she may have been infected, they should go to a family doctor or one of the above hospital clinics immediately. Strict confidentiality is of course observed.

The most common types of VD – Gonorrhoea and syphilis are almost always caught by having sex with someone who already has the disease. V.D. can be very dangerous and make you seriously ill if you don't have it treated, but if you get help early enough it can be completely cured. Unfortunately, it is not always easy to spot the signs of V.D. either on yourself or on somebody else.

DUBLIN HEALTH AUTHORITY V.D. CLINICS

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<tr>
<th>CLINIC</th>
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<tr>
<td>Mater Hospital, Eccles Street, Dublin 7.</td>
<td>Monday 5 - 7 pm</td>
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<td>Thursday 5 - 7 pm</td>
<td>Thursday 3 - 4 pm</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tel: 301122</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sir Patrick Dun's Grand Canal St., Dublin 2.</td>
<td>Monday 5 - 7 pm</td>
<td>Tuesday 5 - 7 pm</td>
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<td>Friday 5.30- 7.30pm</td>
<td>Thursday 4.30-6.30pm</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tel: 766942</td>
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<td>Dr. Steevens, Steevens Lane, Dublin 8.</td>
<td>Tuesday 4 - 6 pm</td>
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<td>Thursday 4- 6 pm</td>
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<td>Sat. 10 - 10.30 am</td>
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<td>Tel: 772606</td>
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Grants and Scholarships

VEC Scholarship:

Most if not all full-time courses at technician level in the college come under the Scholarship scheme. Information regarding the scholarship plus application forms become available in the accounts office (on the B floor) sometime in October. When they are available, notices will appear on the college notice boards.
Grants:

If you have the academic qualification (4 honours in Leaving Certificate) and are attending a degree level course i.e. Engineering, Architecture etc., you may apply to your local authority for a Higher Education Grant. The success of your application depends on your parents' income relative to the number of children in the family.

If you are deemed eligible the amount you receive varies from tuition fees only to a maximum of tuition fees plus maintenance grant of £500.
Social Welfare Benefits

UNEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE

Under the Social Welfare Act anybody who has reached the age of 18 is entitled to claim unemployment assistance, provided:

"That they are capable of work and are available for and genuinely seeking but are unable to obtain employment suitable for them, having regard to age, sex, spysique, education normal occupation, place of residence and family circumstances".

Application for unemployment assistance is made at the local labour exchange.

The addresses of Labour Exchanges in the Dublin area are:

**MALES**

Werburg Street (Sth.side) Gardiner Street (North side) (Off Christchurch Place.) (near Irish Life complex)

**FEMALES:**

Victoria Street, Dublin 8. (This is near the junction of Sth.Circular Rd./Heytesbury St.)
When you apply for unemployment assistance you have to undergo a means test and an assessment officer will call at your home to interview you. He/She may deem that you don't qualify for any assistance or according to your circumstances, you may receive anything from 20p to the maximum amount which is about £10.

If your application is turned down you should always appeal as the percentage of appeals that are successful is very high.

From October 1978 women are now also entitled to unemployment assistance without having to have made any contributions. Previously women needed 52 stamps before they were entitled to claim.

Part-time students and apprentices whose cards are being stamped every week should be in benefit and as such are entitled to claim for all or portion of expenses incurred for aural, ophthalmic, dental treatment etc. It should also be pointed out that if you are in benefit you may attend a dentist privately and claim the cost from the Department of Social Welfare.

For all services and entitlements covered by insurance stamps you should consult the Department of Social Welfare pamphlets which may be obtained from the department. The Welfare Committee of the Students Union also has copies available for reference.

**Employment**

Many students seek employment with the Post Office at Christmas time. As the number of jobs available is very limited and the number of people looking for jobs is so high a lot of people are disappointed.

As soon as National Manpower start taking applications the Welfare Committee will let you know.

**SUMMER EMPLOYMENT:**

The Students Union, through the Welfare Committee also tries to assist people looking for summer employment at home and abroad, by making as much information about conditions and opportunities available as is possible.
TAX REBATES:

Working in Britain:

If you have been working in Britain and have been receiving enough to be liable for income tax you should get the relevant tax rebate forms and the address of the district office for the area in which you were working. If you have not done this and do not know the address of the area office you should write to your employer and ask him.

Working in Ireland:

If you were working at home you will probably have paid tax through the PAYE system. When you leave your employment to come back to college or to go to a different job you should get a form P.45 from your employer. This is very important and should be handed to your new employer or if you are claiming a tax rebate it should be sent along with form P.50 to the Income Tax office in the area you are working in.

P.50 forms are available in the Students Union office.

APPLEBY JEWELLERS LTD.
THE STUDENTS’ JEWELLER,
5 Johnston’s Court, Grafton St.,
10 Angier Street,
Blackrock,
Dun Laoghaire.

REDUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

offer to students: a discount of:
25% on Best Swiss Watches;
33 1/3% on Engagement Rings;
25% on Gold Jewellery.
Legal Aid and Advice

IF YOU ARE ARRESTED

The Gardaí are empowered to arrest you on foot of a warrant, which names you and states the offence with which you are being charged. They are empowered to force an entrance to your house in order to serve such a warrant.

The Gardaí may also arrest you without a Warrant if he has reasonable grounds for suspecting that you have committed a crime, (theft, burglary etc.) or if you have committed a breach of the peace in his presence.

Certain legislation (e.g. Road traffic Acts) also authorise arrest without warrant in various circumstances. When the Gardaí are arresting you, they must tell you that they are arresting you on the charge – they are empowered to use reasonable force, if such is considered necessary, to carry out the arrest.

If a Garda in plain-clothes attempts to arrest you he must show his identity card on request.

Resisting a lawful arrest is an offence. However, the Law does not permit "temporary detention" or "taking you to the station"; a Garda cannot force you to come unless he arrests you.

It is often felt that once a Garda represents his intent to arrest or a plain clothes detective utters the simple words "Section 30, Offences Against the State Act" or more recently "Section 2, Emergency Powers Act 1976", one must submit unquestionably to the arrest.

QUESTIONING:

The Law does not require you to make any statement to the Gardaí or to answer questions, before or after arrest, except in the case of the "Offences Against the State Act 1969 -72" the "Emergency Powers Act 1976" and under the "Road Traffic Acts".

Under the "Road Traffic Acts" you commit an offence if you refuse to give any information you may have that might lead to the identification and apprehension of the driver of a
motor vehicle who has committed a traffic offence. The driver of a vehicle must, on demand, give his name and address to a Garda who suspects that he has committed a traffic offence. Failure to do so renders you liable to arrest without warrant. (The same applies to cyclists).

A Garda is always entitled to ask you questions but except in the above cases, you are not obliged in law to answer. One obligation that lies on all arresting persons is to inform the arrested person the crime for which he is being arrested, or is suspected of having committed. Thus it is not sufficient for a police officer to approach and state

"I am arresting you under Section 2 of the Emergency Powers Act, 1976". He must further state the offence for which one is suspected of having been involved in or hold information
of etc. There has been an unfortunate tendency amongst people to submit without question to the seemingly all embracing words "Section 30" or "Section 2". Further in a recent High Court Case it was established that a police officer cannot continue or reinforce his suspicion of a person detained under Section 2. Thus the age old threat that "we release you and re-arrest you on the steps" "and keep you in 'til" ... should no longer be accepted. It was held in the Court that a man released and re-arrested 10 days later on the same suspicion was not properly arrested.

A relevant fact here is that if one is stopped on the street by a plainclothes aggressor, showing a card at a distance, and then asks for name, address and other personal facts one is NOT obliged to answer. Section No. 30 and now various provisions under the Criminal Law Act 1976 empowers the police to stop and question "when they suspect" the person has been, or is about to be, or was concerned in the commission of an offence under the various acts. Otherwise he has no authority. He must stipulate again the suspected offence. No doubt if this is put to him the accosted person may find him or herself in custody with a police officer giving some farfetched allegation in the event of a case for false arrest or imprisonment. But this is the only way to meet these abuses, they happen every day. It is vital for people to know their rights, demand them, and then stand by that demand.

**IF YOU ARE CHARGED:**

If you find yourself on charge in the District Court remember the following:—

1. **Ask for Bail:**
   You are always entitled to bail, unless you are likely to leave the country or intimidate witnesses. This must be proven by the police and it is difficult to do.

2. **Plead Not Guilty:**
   Unless you have a solicitor and he instructs you otherwise.

3. **Make No Statement Whatsoever:**
   Anything you have to say can be said in court. Statements made on the spur of the moment on arrest are nearly always incriminating.
4. **Ask for Legal Aid:**

You may not get it but put up a strong appeal on the grounds that it is in the interests of justice and essential in the preparation of your defence that you should be legally represented. Point out that you are unable to pay a solicitor.

5. **Ask for a Trial by Jury:**

If you feel that a certain Judge may be biased against you it might be that you would get a fairer hearing before a jury, who will never have seen you before.

6. **Remember You Have The Right To Question All Witnesses.**

7. **Remember that You Have The Right To Make an Unsworn Statement On Which You Cannot Be Cross-Questioned.**

8. **If Convicted, Appeal Immediately And Ask For Bail To Be Fixed:** If you feel it is likely that you will be convicted, bring a bail man with you to court. This will prevent you having to spend the night in jail.

Remember: If you are ill-treated by the police on arrest or whilst in custody, make a formal complaint to the OFFICER IN CHARGE. It is better made in front of a civilian witness but make it whether you have one or not. Refuse to be bullied or harassed by the police into pleading guilty or making a statement. When asked for a statement say "nothing to say" and keep repeating it during any questioning. In court, if you are in any doubt ask the Judge in a reasonable and civil way; HE MUST HELP YOU.

**FREE LEGAL AID**

**FREE LEGAL AID CENTRES (F.L.A.C.)**

These are all mostly run by law students and provide a legal consultancy service for anyone in need.

**CENTRES:**

**FINGLAS:** Community Service Centre, Welmount Rd., Finglas West: Tuesday night
BALLYMUN: Padraig Pearse Tower (basement) Thursday night

CRUMLIN: Social Service Centre, Armagh Road: Friday night

BALLYFERMOT: The Dispensary, Ballyfermot Road: Wednesday night

RIALTO: Rialto Parish Centre, 19, St. Anthony's Road. Wednesday night

I.S.P.C.C. Office - Molesworth Street, Dublin 2: Tuesday night
Ozanam House, 53, Mountjoy Square: Wednesday night

Irish Council for Civil Liberties, Information and Advisory Centre, Open from 5 - 7 every Wednesday

The Council can be contacted at: Room 2, Liberty Hall, Tel: 749731

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**Students . . . Essential reading to keep informed with all the major issues, both National and International**

**SPECIAL STUDENT REDUCTION**

12p.

**THE IRISH TIMES**

Ireland's most comprehensive newspaper. contact the college shops or your local newsagent
Having pondered on this attractive headline for just one moment you will probably consider the prospect of sex and drugs in Bolton St. as remote as Idi Amin getting his bit off the Queen on the London Underground, in fact you will probably think the witty, intelligent head that wrote this to be a blockhead in the true sense of the word.

O.K., so the modern day debaucheries aren't common place in the college but that is not to say that having come to Bolton St. that you won't encounter them. A lot of your friends will be studying in other colleges and if they partake in certain aspects of the recreational activities you will find yourself maybe "getting yourself together over a joint" a "making babies with a cute chick". The former is harmless whereby the latter is lethal.

"Drugs" is a word used today to describe anything from a plant to a mixture of sophisticated chemicals. Naturally enough it is the plant which is harmless and the chemical crap which does the damage. Cannabis and hash can be taken in moderation without causing any discomfort and in the long run can turn out to be cheaper and less destructive than drink. It is advised that substances like LSD, speed and cocaine should be left alone, together with any type of barbiturates, these either lead towards dependance or cause addiction in their own right.

During the years you spend at college the need for artificial highs will hopefully be far exceeded by the need for the two big L's, yes folks - Love and Lust. It doesn't matter whether you fall in love or not, the chances are most of you young studs and fillies will encounter nookie while you are at college whether it's the old straight forward (ha! ha!) or a whips and chains job. The thing to watch for is the
unfortunate production statistic that such output can reveal. Since it is unlikely that "Bert the First" will lift the ban on contraceptives the prospect of over the counter sales on the street is still fairly remote, however, contraceptives can be obtained from the students shop.

Those of you who are going through the mad transition from school to college should be wary of the freedom which most of you will be unaccustomed to, unless you have a Nazi Commandant for a father and a nun for a Mum, the chances are you are going to have trouble getting to early morning lectures. Try not to miss too many 'cause it's you who'll suffer.

There are many college facilities which are grossly under-utilized, such as the numerous clubs and societies which exist, and which with a little support and action could become major services of recreation in Bolton St. People are needed in the Union as well, it doesn't matter how bad you think you are, sure what the hell we are all perverts down here anyway (with the exception, of course, of Rose, the typist).

Before I go off to smoke a joint, get a girl pregnant, miss lotsa lectures and having played a chess game whip some of the loonies in the Union, I'd like to say thanks to the League of Decency for without their invaluable interference this article would not be necessary.

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FREE CLASSES ON MOTORCYCLE SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE

LECTURES, FILM SHOWS, PRACTICAL TRAINING AND GUIDANCE IN RELATION TO SAFER MOTORCYCLING.

PARTICIPANTS RECEIVE CERTIFICATE AND FREE REFLECTORISED JACKET.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
DUBLIN ROAD SAFETY COUNCIL.
PHONE: 338505
General Information

For so many students their knowledge of Bolton Street is confined to the names of their classmates and lecturers, the location of the jax on their own floor and with the front hall. The aim of this section is to answer questions which you will have to ask during the year and hopefully will spur you to act on certain aspects of college facilities and services which are there for your benefit, but of which you were previously unaware.

ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER

Yes, believe it or not some people don't know exactly where Bolton Street is. The full address and telephone numbers are:

College of Technology,
Bolton Street, Dublin 1.  Tel:- 749913

School of Trades,
Yarnhall St., Dublin 1.  Tel:- 749913

College of Technology,
Longford House,
Little Longford St.,
Dublin 2.  Tel:- 751183
HOURS OF OPENING

The Main Building is open from 08.00 hrs. to 22.00 hrs. Monday to Friday, and 08.00 hrs. to 13.00 hrs. on Saturdays - extended to 17.00 hrs. in the third term.

The Linenhall opens from 08.00 hrs. to 22.00 hrs. Monday to Friday only.

Longford House opens from 08.00 hrs to 18.00 hrs. extended to 22.00 hrs. if night classes are being held.

During the summer break, (July 16th to September 1st approx.) all buildings close at 17.00 hrs. and do not open on Saturdays.

Longford House often closes down completely for some of this time. (See College Calendar for details of closed days and holidays for '78 - '79.)

ACCOMMODATION

At the beginning of term the Welfare committee compiles accommodation lists of digs, flats etc. The list can be consulted in the Union Office and we ask that all students who view accommodation report back to us on whether the accommodation is suitable or if they have taken it so that we can remove it from the list.

ACCOUNTS, FEES AND I.D. CARDS

Room B.6 in the main building is where you part with all your cash. You must visit here to pay your academic fee within a few days of commencement of the academic year. On paying this fee you are entitled to a college card. You must produce two photographs and the yellow college card is your main method of proving that you are a student in the college. It officially entitles you to nothing but sometimes can be used for minor concessions. It also contains your college number which you are always asked to fill in on college forms. You can use this card when applying to the Students Union for your International Student Identity Card.

Exam fees must also be paid in B. 6 between the Christmas Holidays and January 31st. Late fees might be accepted up to March 31st but a late entry fee of £5 must be paid.
The Canteen Committee is responsible for all existing canteens in the college. There are four canteens in all, one for staff and three for students. Work has now begun on the conversion of the basement of Longford House into a canteen and it is anticipated that work shall be completed by December. So for the moment there are two canteens available to students located on the D. floor in the main building and on the top floor of the Linenhall.

The hours of opening are:

BOLTON ST.

10.30 - 11.15
12.15 - 14.00
15.30 - 16.15
17.15 - 19.00

LINENHALL

10.30 - 11.15
12.15 - 14.00

Main course prices are 44p at dinner time and at tea time they vary according to "whatever you're having yourself". Tea and coffee especially, are poor value, so hardworking students should drink plenty of milk. In general the food is regarded as being better in the Linenhall but it is as good as one can get in any canteen and the prices are much lower than in commercial premises. If you have complaints let the staff and the Students Union know. The staff themselves cannot be blamed as they are understaffed and overcramped.

Longford house students in occupation in demand for canteen
DISCIPLINE

With full-time students this is rarely a problem, except where there are paranoid, paternalistic staff. In theory students could find themselves reprimanded or turfed out for three successive absences from any class, for failing to obey "lawful" instructions of lecturers or other members of staff, for smoking or for "any other reason which in the opinion of the college, justifies expulsion". Given that common sense and reasonableness usually prevails conflicts are few and far between, but should you find yourself a victim, contact the Students Union immediately.

The story is somewhat different with part-timers but more particularly apprentices. Here paternalism is more than evident and jobs are often lost as a result of small insignificant happenings. Apprentices should contact the Students Union and their own Union if they find themselves with a problem.

EXAMINATIONS AND APPEALS

The exams office is located in B.10 although entry is gained only after having gotten past staff in B.9 who act as security guards to the room of many secrets. More likely than not your departments own office will be able to provide you with the information you need regarding exams. It should be noted that there is an exams appeals system in the college and at the moment it is totally underused. If, on receipt of results, you are unhappy about any particular subject or subjects you should immediately contact your Head of Department in writing and by calling or telephoning. A meeting with the particular staff member(s) responsible for that subject(s) should also be requested.

If no response is forthcoming within a few days you should signify your intention of appealing your case to the exams secretary, Mr. Michael Flaherty and your department head. The Students Union should always be contacted whenever you are having problems of this nature as they have more experience in dealing with staff and the system.

Copies of old exam papers are available from the Accounts office (B.6) around December of every year.
Occasionally during the year the Union is able to offer small jobs such as working during concerts, manning polling booths etc. When these jobs become available notices will be posted and all students may apply, the criteria used for employing students is usually one of the students financial situation. During the first two weeks of term applications will be accepted for part-time employment in the student Shop and anybody interested should keep an eye on the notice boards.

KINEMA

The only room with permanent facilities for the use of audio-visual equipment and which is suitable for large gatherings - up to 160 seated - is the Large Kinema C.28 main building. Because of lack of suitable lecturing facilities you will find that both it and its lesser equipped sister - Small Kinema C.24 are booked 09.00 until 7.30 most days, and also in the evenings but to a much lesser degree.

If you wish to book, either of these rooms for any meeting, etc., contact the Students Union office as soon as you have a definite date in mind and we will endeavour to arrange it for you. The demand is great so come to us as soon as you can and let us know how long you will want it for and what audio-visual equipment (if any) you will require.

LOCKERS

This has been a source of much annoyance over the past few years but the authorities have promised us that the task of reorganising the system will be completed early in the first term. The problem lies in the fact that the keys for lockers leased out over the past few years have not been returned and now most lockers are locked and useless.

If and when the system is reorganised applications can be made to room B.6 where you pay your fee of £3.00. This includes a deposit of £2.00 returnable only if the key is surrendered by June 16th 1979.

Only sufficient demand from students can ensure that this long outstanding problem will be solved. So why not ask for a locker and save yourself the hassle of carrying those heavy books in and out of college every morning and evening.
LOST?
The Linenhall and Longford House buildings are reasonably logical in their layout and room numbering, but the Bolton St. building has undergone so many alterations that the maps on display in the corridors bear no relation to reality. Just remember that the four floors are each split level, the northeast corner being a half floor high and identified as B. for the B floor. The room numbers here have a B suffix. The other floors are the same. A is at the top and D is at the bottom. The Kings Inns door is on the D floor.

LIBRARY

The college, in conjunction with the City of Dublin Public Library system, operates a library on the B. floor of the main building and a small reference room (Room 5) in Longford House. The latter, only recently opened, operates for three hours each Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday afternoon and the hours for the main Library are:-

| IN TERM:       | Monday to Friday | 9.30 to 21.30 |
|               | Saturday         | 9.30 to 13.00 |
| SUMMER TERM:  | Monday to Friday | 9.30 to 21.30 |
|               | Saturday         | 9.30 to 17.00 |
| HOLIDAYS:     | Monday to Friday | 9.30 to 17.00 |

Given the generally underfinanced situation which exists in the technological area of education, the library is, as a result, too small from the point of view of stocks and study space for the size of college in which it exists. Nevertheless the library committee with the help of Miss Fennell and her dedicated staff have made meagre resources go a long way and it is hoped to have 25,000 volumes by next year. About 700 current periodicals are also available and efforts are being made to build up a stock of non-print materials.

Close links are maintained with other institutions, UCD: TCD: IIRS: AnCO etc., and libraries and books not in stock in Bolton St., can be obtained on an inter-library loan system. Arrangements can also be made for students to use the facilities at other libraries in special circumstances. A photocopying machine is also made available in the library.
Students may borrow books from the library and in order to avail of this all students should fill in an application card at the commencement of the academic year. These are available at the desk in the library.

The library is an essential element in the furthering of your education and it is important that you make full use of it. Many students never come to grips with the system and for this purpose most first year students are given introductory lectures on the usage of the library, but anybody can and should ask for this basic information at any time.

Finally it should be remembered that you are not the only one who uses the library and consideration for your fellow users should be of utmost concern to you when availing of the many aspects of the system.

It is hoped this year to have an introductory lecture for Freshers on the use of the library.

NOTICEBOARDS

One of the most (ab) used systems of communicating information in the college is through the notice boards. These are dotted all round the college and on them you can learn about the time for every class available to City and Guilds students through Union information to the address where health foods are available.

Notices are there for your information so please read them. The most important boards from the point of view of Students Union information, are located in the canteen/common room.
Even if you are travelling from a terminus to the centre of town and possess a commuter ticket, public transport is expensive. Unless you are able to get a regular lift into and home from college we suggest you try and acquire a bike, either motor or pusher - to get yourself to lectures on time.

TRAVEL OPPORTUNITIES FOR STUDENTS

Education Without Exams

Sounds glib, but it can be true! Travel provides the student with the opportunity to experience firsthand the culture and lifestyle in other lands, of different people; USIT, the travel company of the Union of Students in Ireland has been providing low cost travel arrangements for students for over twelve years, helping make that once in a lifetime trip possible for thousands of Irish students.

AMERICA & EUROPE:

USIT started in 1966 in response to the demand for cheap and reliable flights to the USA for Irish students seeking fame and fortune. America is still a 'must' for many students. Although greatly diminished, the Exchange Visitor Work Visa Programme still gives many Irish College and University students the opportunity to fly to the U.S., work for a month or two, then spend some time exploring the country.

The USA is becoming a vacation destination in its own right and last year over 2,500 students availed of USIT's cheap transatlantic fares which give a guaranteed seat, flexible choice of dates without any advance purchase requirements.

Because it's so close, Continental Europe attracts a high number of Irish students. France is popular with the younger set; many secondary school pupils spend a month in France with a family and then the French counterpart comes to visit Ireland. Because of USIT's flight frequency, (plus they have an office in Paris), it's possible for both Irish and French students to travel cheaply. Without covering all the places USIT can fly you to, suffice it to say Athens will remain the popular sun spot - great value for £118 return (1978 fare) by air from Dublin. USIT sells Aer Lingus special student fares from Dublin, Cork or Shannon to Continental Europe, and low cost train and ship fares to hundreds of destinations from Dublin and other Irish rail stations.
WHO IS A STUDENT?

Basically, any full-time student between 12 years and 32 years qualifies for USIT services. To prove your eligibility you must hold a valid International Student Identity Card £2.50p which is valid October 01 to December 31 of the following year.

Many non-flight services (i.e. ships and trains) are available also to non-students provided they are under 26 years.

DISCOUNT TRAVEL IN IRELAND

The home-loving student is not forgotten either. Since 1974 students have been able to travel at 50% discount on Mainline trains and Long Distance buses in Ireland with a Travelsave stamp. The Travelsave Stamp costs £2.00 and is affixed onto the International Student Identity Card, and entitles the holder to a 50% discount on normal single adult journeys costing £1. or more.

The Travelsave can be used any number of times during the fifteen month validity period, October 01 'till December 31 of the following year. As an added bonus, students now travel at half-fare on the sailing to the Aran Islands.
Every fortnight

**£15p**

(to students)

from your

Student Union

Shop

the guide to

What’s On

the first thing to learn;

‘SEE YOU IN THE HORSE’

it’s the college motto;

‘SEE YOU IN THE HORSE’

THE BOLTON HORSE
This year in order to highlight the U.S.I. campaign for peace, jobs and progress in Northern Ireland it is intended to hold an international solidarity week from Nov. 13th to 18th. The basic demands of the peace, jobs, progress campaign are:-

1. An end to all sectarian and military violence.
2. A Bill of Rights to guarantee civil liberties, outlaw discriminations of any kind and secure the repeal of all oppressive legislation in force at present.
3. A programme of social reconstruction by the British Government to provide jobs, housing, social welfare services and education to meet the social needs of the people of Northern Ireland.

The campaign will be sponsored by U.S.I., NUSUK (the British National Union) and the I.U.S. (International Union of Students) and will take various forms. The campaign will be co-ordinated intensively not only throughout Britain and Ireland but also throughout Europe.

It is hoped in Bolton Street to host at least one film plus a discussion afterwards on some day during the solidarity week. All students owe it to their fellow Northern students to partake in such events because the present inactivity on the Northern question stems from a basic ignorance in the South as to what is actually going on in Northern Ireland.
TO-DAY YOU SHOULD

1. Find out who your class rep. is and what he is supposed to do for you. If you don't have one yet, elect one. Make sure that he/she is registered with the Students Union in the office in the common room (D.1).

2. Find out who your class tutor is.

3. Apply for your college I.D. card at the accounts office (B.6). You won't need any money but they'll want 2 photographs (preferably centre spread, full length frontal nudes, in colour).

4. Whilst in B.6 you might as well apply for a locker.

5. Apply for your International Student Identity card at the Students Union office beside the shop (D.1). We'll need a little money, another 2 glamour shots and proof of full-time student status (fees receipt or the college card issued at 3 above).

6. Now that you're down in the students union office, get yourself an application form for a Medical card.

7. If you're looking for accommodation, cast an eye over the SAB list.

8. Find out what other services the Union has that you need, check the shop for equipment and stationary, learn about student travel concessions and discounts, get to know how the Students Advice Bureau can help you.

9. Ask some of the more senior students in your course what is happening in your faculty society (don't be fobbed off) and see if any contacts you have outside can be of use to them for a site visit or guest lecturer or free beer or something.

10. See what open societies are functioning with your interests. If you don't have a faculty society or you've thought of an interest that isn't listed in the
open clubs and societies (e.g. films) come down to the Students Union office and you'll be told all about how to set up a society. On Freshers day societies will be organising exhibitions and this is the ideal time to find out more about the society and to join them.

11. If you haven't already been given an introductory lecture about the library, please ask your class tutor to arrange one for you. Go into the library and have a look around. Nobody will stop you unless you're being noisy or trying to knock off books. Find out how the card index works and ASK the librarians if you are not sure of anything. You'll find out that they're very helpful, and someone else will have asked a much sillier question than you (probably a lecturer).

12. Realise that this is probably the best years of your life and that your college life will be an integral part of you for the next few years. So smile and enjoy your stay here. Some of us have managed to knock great fun out of the place, despite its apparent institutionalised atmosphere. You'll soon discover that Bolton Street has an almost unique rapport between students and all grades of staff. The only way to get anything out of your time here is to put something in, so, be friendly, and if you have any ideas or problems come and talk to us in the Students Union office beside the shop in the common room, D.1.

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**STUDENTS!**

**THE STUDENT SHOP**

*is your shop, run by your union, for your use and convenience – at the lowest prices! Please use it.*

The Student Union Shop, Bolton St. Basement (D.1)
Stationary · Art Supplies · Cigs · Sweets · Newspapers · Etc
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EXAMS! GASP! FINITO!

SUC—Students Union Council: Normally held over two lunchtimes during the last week of each month.
ENTS: Lunchtime concerts every Wed. of term. Various other ents every Monday lunchtime.

The above calendar is the timing of the S.U. organised events. There are many gaps but that’s where you come in. Let’s see all Clubs and Societies coming forward so that the KINEMA won’t be overbooked by the time we reach our next major event: SUMMER HOLIDAYS 79'
At your service...

Progressive Insurances is the official Insurance Company of the Union of Students in Ireland. It aims to provide a full insurance brokering service to both students and graduates.

MOTOR-CYCLE INSURANCE

This type of insurance is renowned for its high rates and heavy premiums. Our aim is to give you adequate protection at competitive costs. Progressive have negotiated with first rate companies to provide reliable cover.

PERSONAL PROPERTY INSURANCE

This type of policy insures you against loss or theft of your personal possessions. It can be extended to cover accidental damage on valuables which you might own. There are many schemes available some of which give more extensive cover than others. Progressive consultants know which will suit you best.

for full details contact:

Progressive Insurances
8/9 Anglesea St., Dublin 2
(beside USIT)

Students get out of Dublin!

(ON A TRAIN OR BUS AT HALF FARE)

If you are a full-time student with an International Student Identity Card you can pay £1.50 for a CIE Travelsave Stamp, which will get you a 50% discount on normal single fares on CIE mainline trains and long distance buses.

PS: if you don’t have an International ID Card, you can get one from Usit.

For a complete range of student travel services contact:

USIT
7 Anglesea Street
(off Dame Street)
Dublin 2
Tel 01-778117
Mon-Fri 9.30-17.30
Sat 10.00-13.00

the travel company of the union of students in Ireland
Why leave it to others?
Be a blood donor too.

GIVING FOR LIVING
when more than just the thought counts

Pelican House
Monday
Tuesday
Wednesday
Thursday
Friday

Clinic Times
9.30 am–8.30 pm
9.30 am–8.30 pm
9.30 am–4.30 pm
9.30 am–4.30 pm
9.30 am–4.30 pm

Including lunchtime.

The Blood Transfusion Service Board

Pelican House, 52 Lower Leeson St.,
Dublin 2. (01) 766981

Cork Centre, 21 Leitrim St.,
Cork. (021) 57227