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Supply Chain Management on the Island of Ireland: the role of the **National Institute of Transport and Logistics**

Edward Sweeney Technological University Dublin, edward.sweeney@tudublin.ie

Austin Smyth Technological University Dublin

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Supply Chain Management Centre of Excellence



Supply Chain Management on the Island of Ireland: the role of NITL

Presentation to Scottish Enterprise February 2nd 2005



Agenda

- NITL Origins and Background
- SCM Role in Ireland
- NITL Status in Ireland: The SCM Barometer
- NITL's Future Plans
- Discussion



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Origins of NITL

- Report "World Class to Serve the World"
- National Centre for Supply Chain Excellence
- Supported by the National Development Plan, managed through Enterprise Ireland, set up at the DIT
- Mission, Activities and Structure

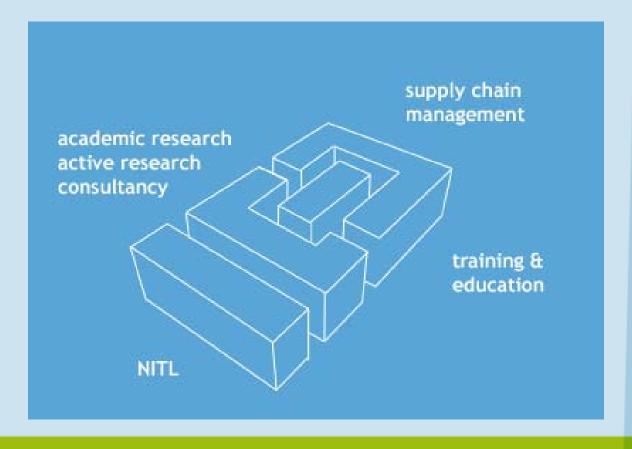


Mission Statement

NITL will support the achievement of competitive advantage in Irish organisations by creating a fundamental new resource for logistics and supply chain effectiveness.



NITL Structure / Activities





Industrial Interface

- All activites run in partnership with industry (excellence with relevance)
- Sectors represented include:

<u>Flectronics</u> <u>Food and Drink</u>

<u>Pharmaceutical and Medical Devices</u>

<u>Logistics Service Providers</u>

<u>Public Sector</u>

MNEs and Indigenous Firms



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- NITL Status in Ireland: The SCM Barometer
- NITL's Future Plans
- Discussion



The Importance of SCM to Ireland's Future Economic Development

- 3 Key Value Adding Functions in Modern Business
 - New Product Introduction (including R&D)
 - Marketing (including brand management)
 - SCM
- Like NPI and Marketing, SCM is part of the knowledge based economy



Result: shift from national/regional to global configurations



The Importance of SCM to Ireland's Future Economic Development

- Open economy
- Geographic peripherality
- Additionally small companies can be a part of global supply chains
- Need for SCM awareness, capability and support is central
- Implicit in Enterprise Strategy Group "Ahead of the Curve" Report



Characteristics of SCM Excellence

- Identification and measurement of customer service <u>because</u> customer service 'sets the spec' for SC design
- Integration of supply chain activities and information <u>because</u> many supply chain NVAs are caused by fragmented supply chain configurations
- SCM a senior management function <u>because</u> SCM is a strategic activity
- Establishment and measurement of supply chain KPI's <u>because</u> what gets measured gets done!



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SCM Barometer: Background Information to Survey

A wide spread of companies participated in the survey.

297 responses from companies based in Northern Ireland (NI).

776 responses from companies based in the Republic of Ireland (ROI).

Approx. 38% of companies from the greater Dublin area.

Survey of 1073 Firms



Profile of Respondents

Average number of employees

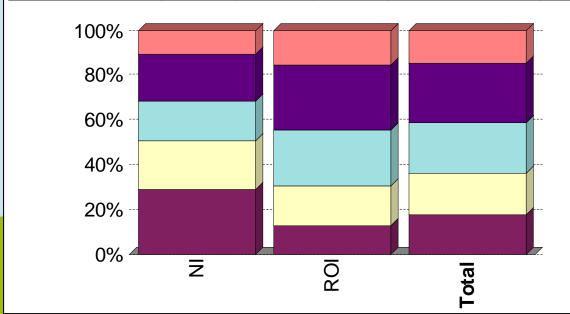
NI respondents:

153

ROI respondents:

306

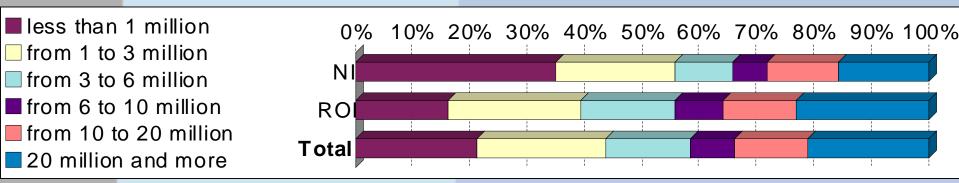
		NI		ROI		Total	
		N	%	N	%	N	%
	less than 10	87	29.3%	105	13.6%	192	18.0%
	from 10 to 19	66	22.2%	134	17.4%	200	18.7%
	from 20 to 49	52	17.5%	192	24.9%	244	22.8%
	from 50 to 249	61	20.5%	223	28.9%	284	26.6%
	250 and more	31	10.4%	117	15.2%	148	13.9%
Total		297	100.0%	771	100.0%	1068	100.0%





Profile of Respondents

Turnover of Respondents (in Euros)



Average turnover per company:

NI: 16,935,600 euros ROI: 37,158,120 euros

Average turnover per employee:

NI: 110,690 euros ROI: 121,432 euros

- ⇒ SME's dominate
- ⇒ NI companies smaller
- ⇒ T/O per employee consistent

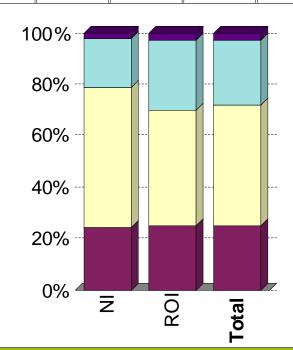


Profile of Respondents

Three Broad Sectors

NI vulnerable to moves to low cost manufacturing/ROI cushioned with services

	NI		ROI		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Food & Consumer	74	24.9%	198	25.5%	272	25.3%
Industrial Products	162	54.5%	346	44.6%	508	47.3%
International Services	56	18.9%	215	27.7%	271	25.3%
Other	5	1.7%	17	2.2%	22	2.1%
Total	297	100.0%	776	100.0%	1073	100.0%





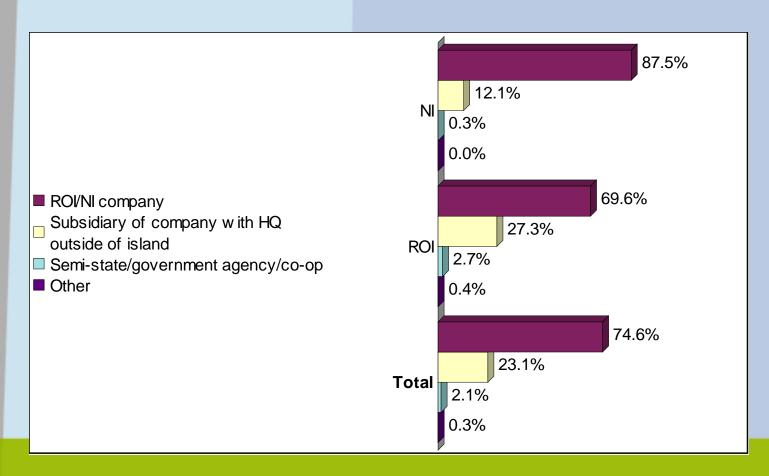
SCM Barometer

Factors impacting SCM

- Ownership
- Location of SC Partners
- Level of Exports
- Channels of Distribution
- Manufacturing Strategy
- Business Strategy
- Business and SCM Competitiveness Challenges



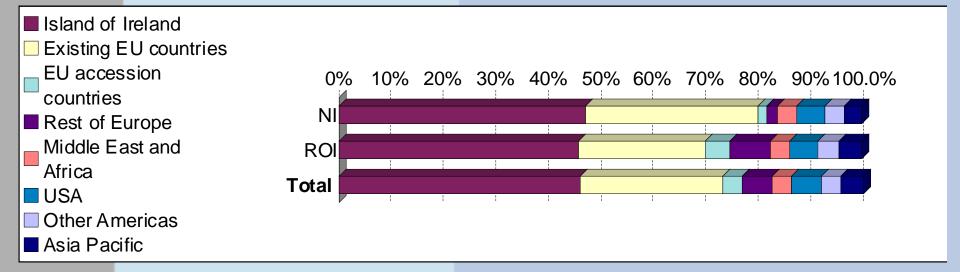
Company Ownership of Respondents



NI have fewer 'foreign' companies



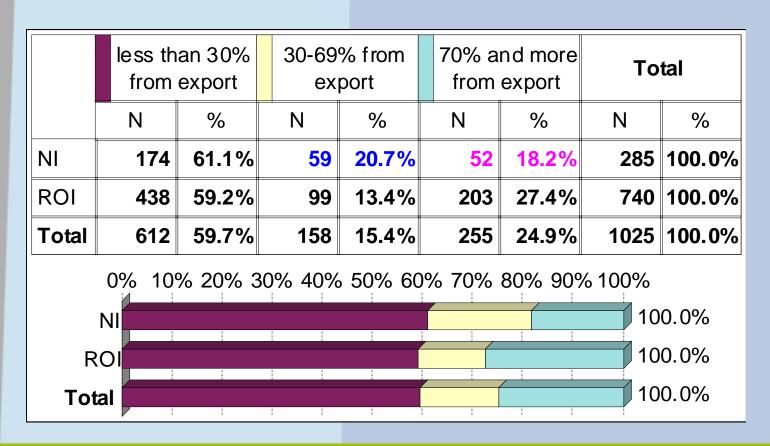
Location of SC Partners



ROI firms have wider spread of SC partners e.g. Non EU Europe and US – particularly true of indigenous companies



Exports



- ⇒ Exports are important to all companies, more so in ROI than NI
- ⇒ Larger companies have larger level of exports
- ⇒ All sectors have similar export profile



Market Location

ROI respondents:

Roi respondents:							
Republic of Ireland	637	82.1%	82.1%				
England and Wales	347	44.7%	44.7%				
Northern Ireland	346	44.6%	44.6%				
Other EU countries	281	36.2%	36.2%				
Scotland	224	28.9%	28.9%				
USA	163	21.0%	21.0%				
Rest of Europe	132	17.0%	17.0%				
Middle East and Africa	102	13.1%	13.1%				
EU accession countries	101	13.0%	13.0%				
Asia Pacific	94	12.1%	12.1%				
Other Americas	84	10.8%	10.8%				
Don't know	57	7.3%	7.3%				
Total	776		V				

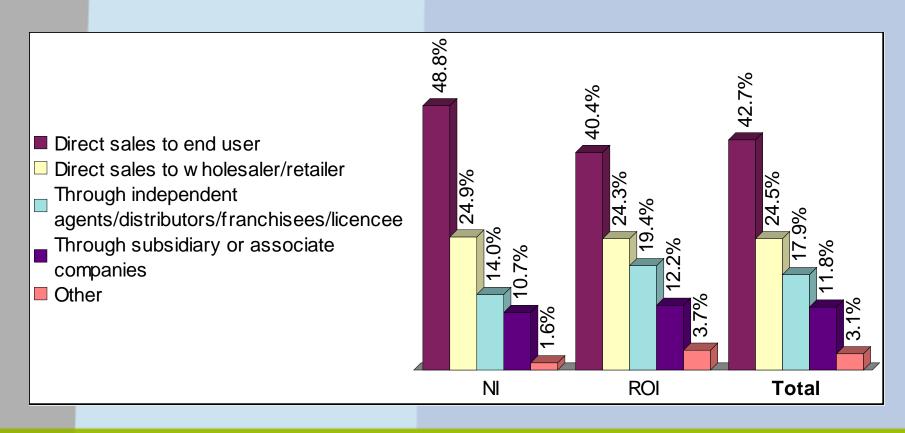
NI respondents:

Mi respondents.			
Northern Ireland	262	88.2%	88.2%
Republic of Ireland	224	75.4%	75.4%
England and Wales	157	52.9%	52.9%
Scotland	128	43.1%	43.1%
Other EU countries	64	21.5%	21.5%
USA	39	13.1%	13.1%
Middle East and Africa	36	12.1%	12.1%
Asia Pacific	31	10.4%	10.4%
Rest of Europe	30	10.1%	10.1%
EU accession countries	29	9.8%	9.8%
Other Americas	24	8.1%	8.1%
Don't know	7	2.4%	2.4%
Total	297		

- ⇒ Importance of ROI and UK markets for NI
- ⇒ ROI companies in more global markets



Channels of Distribution



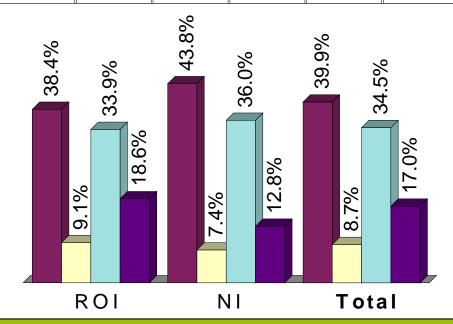
- ⇒ Direct to end user is demanding channel mainly for Industrial and Services
- ⇒ Wholesaler/retailer still dominant channel for Food and Consumer



Manufacturing Strategy

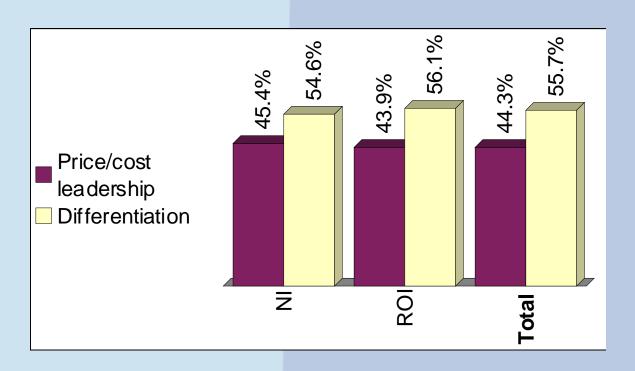
'Make to Order'
requires SC
flexibility

	R	01	NI		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Made to or	der 298	38.4%	6 130	43.8%	6 428	39.9%
Made to sto	ck 71	9.1%	22	7.4%	93	8.7%
Both	263	33.9%	6 107	36.0%	6 370	34.5%
Don't know	144	18.6%	6 38	12.8%	6 182	17.0%
Total	776	100.09	6 297	100.09	% 1073	100.0%





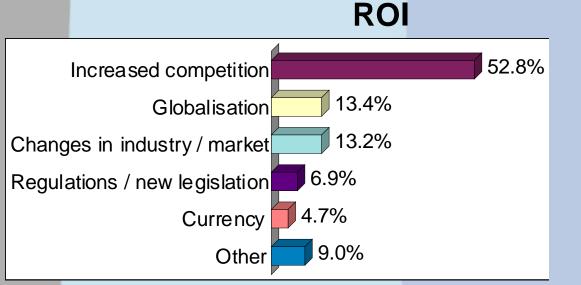
Corporate Strategy

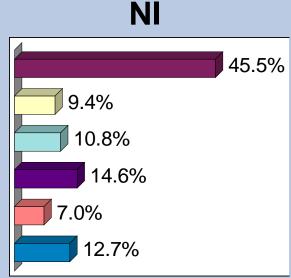


- ⇒ Balancing Price/Cost leadership with differentiation is one of the SC Challenges and it is no different between NI and ROI
- ⇒ However, larger NI firms are more concerned with differentiation and the industrial sector more concerned with cost issues



Business Challenges

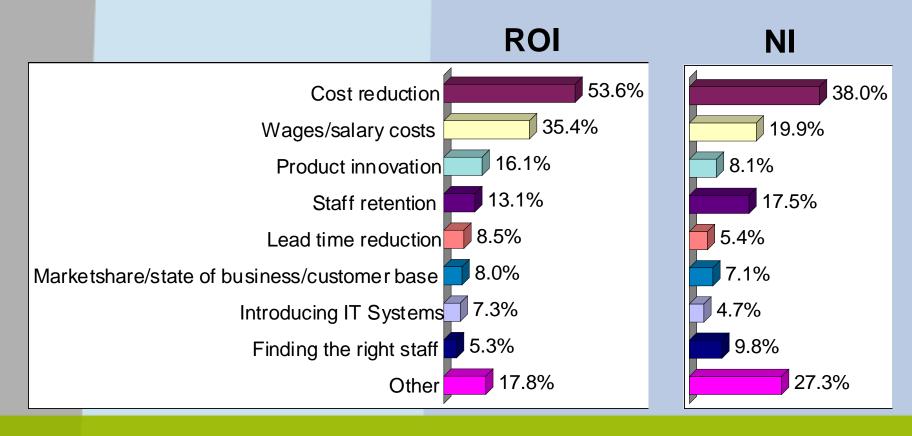




Its about competitiveness with ROI finding it tougher



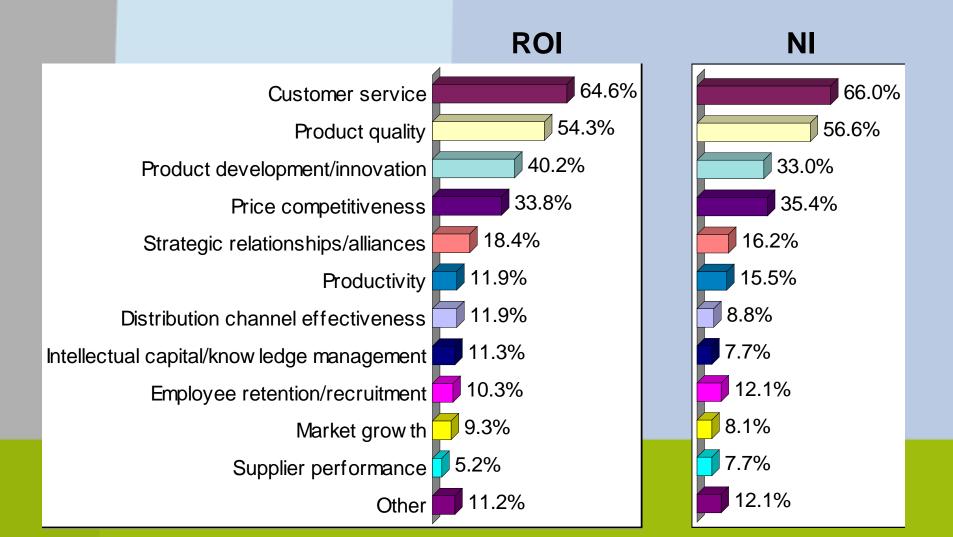
Supply Chain Challenges



- ⇒ Different challenges in ROI where costs are an issue
- ⇒ Same challenges across sectors



Competitiveness Issues





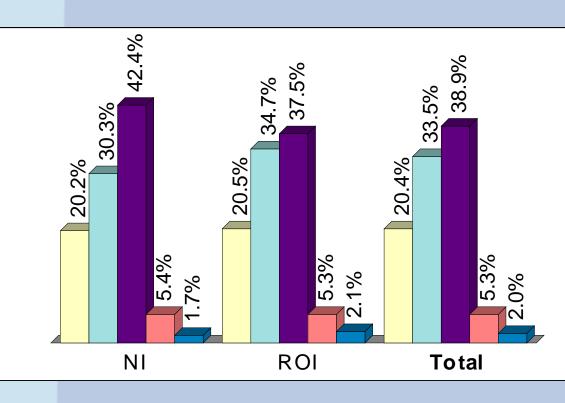
Competitiveness Issues

- ⇒ Consistent with global experience, Customer Service is more important than price and Customer Service is the output of the SCM process
- ⇒ Quality is now a given and therefore no longer the number 1 differentiator
- ⇒ Customer service even more important in Services sector



Competitiveness Issues

- We clearly outperform our competitors
- Our performance is a little above that of our competitors
- Our performance is about the same as our competitors
- Our performance is a little below
- that of our competitors
- Our competitors clearly outperform us



All companies admit there is room for improvement in competitiveness with smaller indigenous firms scoring lower than foreign owned.



SC Capability & Performance: Integration of SCM

Means on a scale from

1 = not at all integrated

to

5 = fully integrated

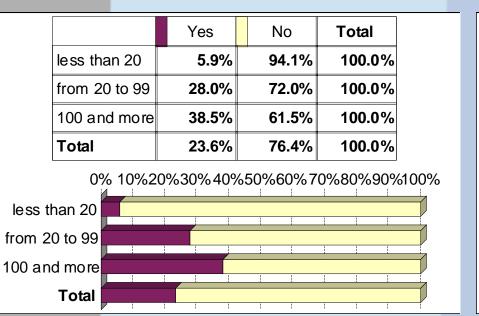
	ROI	NI	Total
Customer Relationship Management	3.83	3.87	3.84
Demand Forecasting	3.26	3.14	3.23
Sales Order Processing	3.98	3.92	3.96
Procurement/Purchasing	3.79	3.90	3.82
Inbound Transport	3.26	3.10	3.21
Warehousing	3.23	3.05	3.18
Production Planning and Control	3.79	3.71	3.77
Outbound Transport	3.79	3.57	3.73
After Sales Service	3.80	3.87	3.82
New Product Introduction	3.18	3.20	3.18
Customer Service	4.13	4.16	4.14

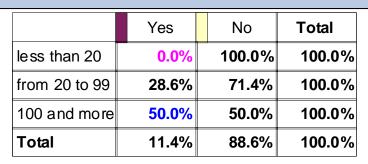
- ⇒ Average level of integration in most functions, with Forecasting,
 - Warehousing, Inbound Transport less integrated.
- ⇒ No perceived differences between NI and ROI in relation to integration
- ⇒ Larger and Foreign owned and Industrial sector slightly more integrated

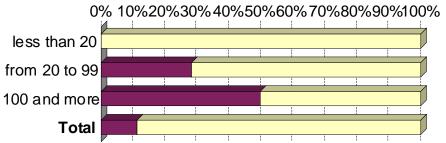


SC Capability and Performance Integration of SCM SCM Programmes

ROI







19% companies have total SCM programmes (NI 11%, ROI 23%) with larger companies more active



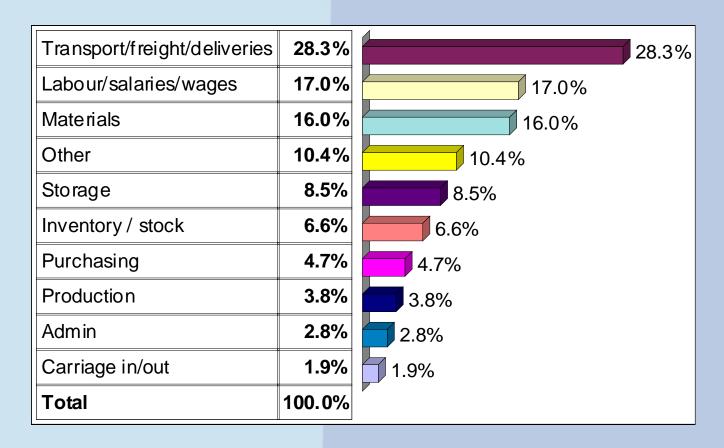
SC Capability and Performance: SCM Costs

Supply chain costs as a % of turnover	Percent NI	Percent ROI	Percent Total
0-9	20.0%	39.1%	31.6%
10-19	13.3%	13.0%	13.2%
20-29	6.7%	4.3%	5.3%
30-39	20.0%	0.0%	7.9%
40-49	6.7%	4.3%	5.3%
50-59	20.0%	13.0%	15.8%
60-69	6.7%	0.0%	2.6%
70-79	0.0%	4.3%	2.6%
80-89	0.0%	13.0%	7.9%
90-100	6.7%	8.7%	7.9%
TOTAL CIT.	100%	100%	100%

58% (NI 57% ROI 59%) did not analyse Total SC Costs



SC Capability and Performance: SCM Costs



Transport is still seen as the major SC cost, but 'its all over the place' as % of T/O, reflecting lack of understanding of what SCM costs are.



SC Capability and Performance: Perceived Effectiveness of SCM

Means on a scale from

1 = not at all effective

to

5 = very effective

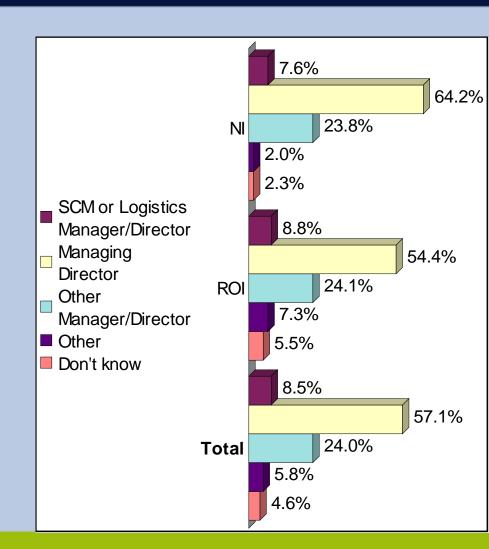
	ROI	NI	Total
Customer Relationship Management	4.07	4.13	4.09
Demand Forecasting	3.45	3.41	3.44
Sales Order Processing	4.10	4.04	4.08
Procurement/Purchasing	3.89	3.90	3.89
Production Planning and Control	3.90	3.83	3.88
Inventory Management	3.61	3.58	3.60
Warehousing Management	3.42	3.33	3.39
Transport Management	3.77	3.62	3.73
Quality	4.41	4.43	4.42
Product Development	3.65	3.52	3.61
After Sales Service	4.07	4.17	4.10
Customer Service	4.35	4.38	4.36

SCM activities are seen as important in both NI and ROI, even in small firms and all sectors



SC Capability and Performance:Responsibility for SCM

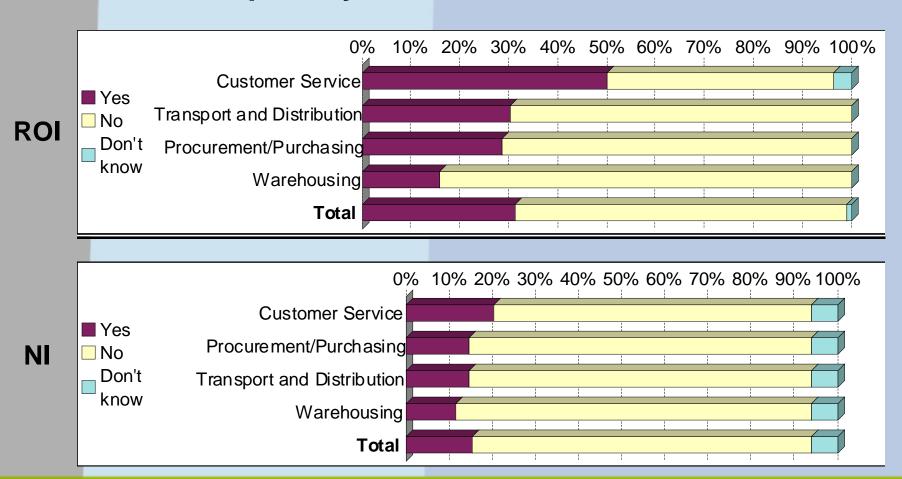
- ⇒ Only 8.5% of companies have specialist SCM function (NI 7.6%, ROI 8.8%). This is higher in foreign owned companies.
- ⇒ In most cases it is the MD who has responsibility for most SCM activities due to number of SME's. This is significantly more pronounced in NI.
- ⇒ The traditional SCM activities e.g. procurement, transport and production planning have clearly defined reporting lines.



⇒ SCM activities such as inventory, forecasting, warehousing, responsibility is less clear.



SC Capability and Performance: SCM KPIs



Level of establishment of SCM KPI's is low overall, and lower in NI than ROI



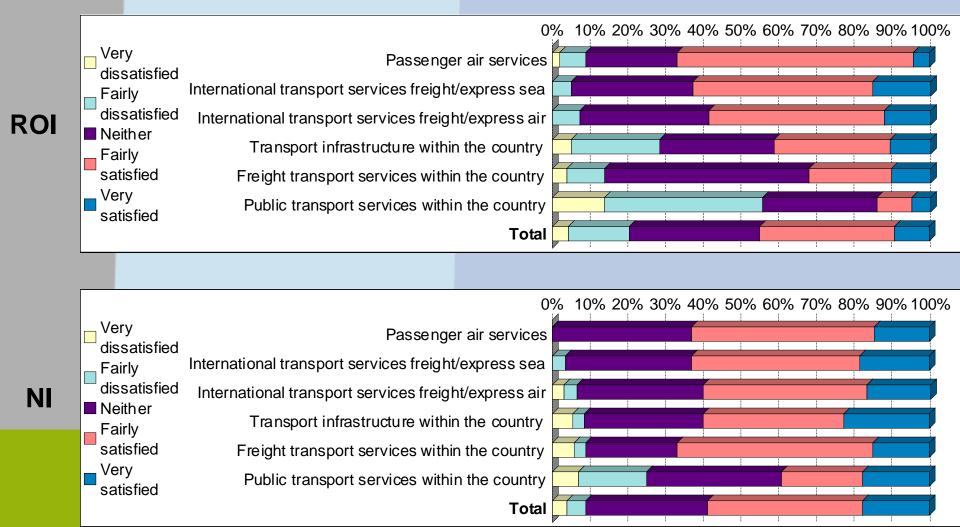
SC Capability and Performance: SCM IT Systems

Employment of			ROI	NI	Total
Latest System	Inventory Manag	gement	3.36	2.64	3.08
Technology	Production Plan	ning	3.09	2.42	2.83
Means on a scale	Procurement		3.09	2.53	2.87
from	Transportation		3.04	2.19	2.71
1 = strongly disagree	Warehousing		2.77	2.31	2.59
to	Forecasting		3.14	2.36	2.84
5 = strongly agree	Sales Order pro	cessing/fulfilment	3.57	3.08	3.38

Less than 40% of companies agree they are using the latest IT technology for SCM with NI companies scoring lower than ROI.



SCM Activities: Satisfaction with Transport Services





SCM Activities: Satisfaction with Transport Services

⇒ On average neither satisfied nor dissatisfied. ROI less satisfied with **Public** Transport and Freight Services than NI.

⇒ In relation to air carriers, NI companies less happy with availability, fares and punctuality than ROI.



SCM Activities: Satisfaction with Transport Services

⇒ 35% of companies (ROI 45%; NI 10%) specified that transport infrastructure was constraining their business

0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

Food & Consumer

Yes No

Industrial Products

International Services

Total

⇒ More of a problem for Food Sector



SCM Activities: Transport Costs, Modes & Performance

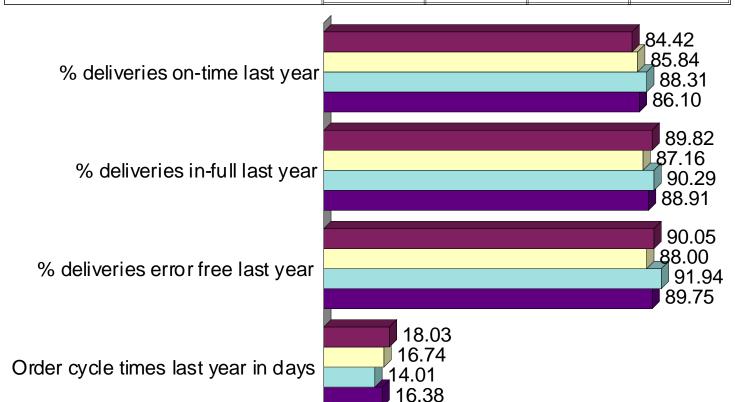
Mode	Percentage (by volume) of goods transported by NI companies	Percentage (by volume) of goods transported by ROI companies	Total percentage (by volume) of goods transported
Rail	0.03%	0.7%	0.4%
Road	83.4%	75.2%	78.3%
Air	6.5%	3.1%	4.4%
Sea	10.2%	16.8%	14.3%

- 52% of companies did not know their transport costs (NI 69%; ROI 41%)
- Transport costs on average 7% of turnover (NI 7%; ROI 7%) but sector dependent



SCM
Activities:
Transport
Costs, Modes
&
Performance

	less than 20	from 20 to 99	100 and more	Total
% deliveries on-time last year	84.42	85.84	88.31	86.10
% deliveries in-full last year	89.82	87.16	90.29	88.91
% deliveries error free last year	90.05	88.00	91.94	89.75
Order cycle times last year in days	18.03	16.74	14.01	16.38





Other SCM Activities

Survey contains information on:

- Warehousing
- Inventory
 - Obsolete
 - Out of stocks
 - Turns
- Supplier relations and evaluation
- Customer service
- Forecasting
- KPI's for each activity



How Do Irish Companies Measure Up?

- Approximately 50% measure customer service formally and those have very limited measurements
- Companies score low in relation to having the latest supply chain IT and having them integrated across the supply chain
- Less than 10% have a formal SCM position
- Few companies had clearly defined SCM KPI's

(Source: NITL Supply Chain Barometer, 2004)



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NITL's Programme to Date

NITL has:

- Increased awareness of SCM (e.g. Conference, Roadshows, Logistics Solutions, Presentations at major academic and industry events, Media)
 - SCM is a used (and abused) term
- Assisted companies implement SCM
 - NITL has practical experience of implementing SCM
 - Undertaken over 80 SCM consulting projects for over 50 companies
 - Support tools (e.g. fact sheets, self-audit packs, directories)
 - Benchmarking Clubs
- Carried out research on a variety of transport, logistics and SCM issues



NITL's Programme to Date (cont.)

NITL has:

Increased understanding of SCM through Learning programmes

Programme

Leading to

Foundation Certificate Programm	ne	Post-Experience Certificate
SCM Development Programme		Post-Experience Cert/Diploma
Graduate Development Program	me	M.Sc.
Fellowship Programme		M.Phil.
Research Studies		M.Phil./Ph.D.
In-house Learning		
Senior Executive Programme		Certified Continuing
Short Courses		Professional Development

PLUS

FAS Supply Chain Logistics National Traineeship DIT B.Sc. In Transport and Logistics



NITL Market Share (Based on Data from ROI Firms)

- 51% of ROI companies have heard about NITL.
- 8.5% have attended the conference 'Logistics Ireland' so far (5.4% of Irish companies and 15.9% of multinational firms).



NITL Contribution to SCM Development Awareness of NITL Learning Programmes

By Number of Employees

By Company Ownership



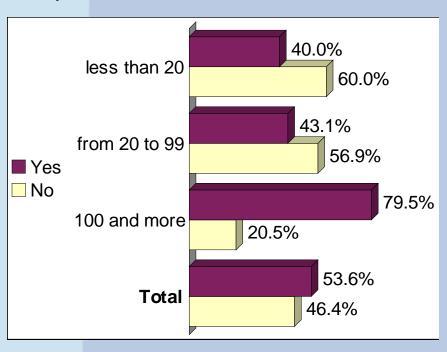
	Irish Company	Subsidiary of Company w ith HQ outside of Ireland
Yes	27.5%	45.5%
No	72.5%	54.5%



NITL Contribution to SCM Development Awareness of Logistics Solutions

61% of ROI companies have received the publication 'Logistics Solutions'. 54% stated that this publication is relevant to their companies.

Relevance by firm size (number of employees)



85% of those companies that have received 'Logistics Solutions' specified an increase of awareness in supply chain management.



NITL's Future Plans Addressing the Challenge to Broaden Impact

- Undertake SCM Sector Studies to identify policy/intervention opportunities
 - Map and benchmark the sector supply chain and identify SCM improvement opportunities
 - For example: Horticulture-developing a central distribution operation; Fish farming- developing central sales, marketing and distribution operation; Saw Milling-reviewing capacity issues, single supplier, product rationalisation; Specialist Food-developing affordable route to market through consolidation; Clothing Sector-outsourcing and related management and IT skills.
- Create Knowledge Resource
 - Case study material
 - SCM software reviews
 - Services Directory
 - Literature



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