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Graduation Ceremony Pamphlet, Dublin Institute of Technology, Kevin Street, 17th February 1994

Dublin Institute of Technology

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DUBLIN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

INSTITIÚID TEICNEOLAÍOCHTA BHAILE ÁTHA CLIATH

Graduation Ceremony

Bronnadh na gCáilíochtaí

18. MAR 94

18. MAR 94

Thursday, 17th February 1994
Dé Daordain, 17ú Feabhra 1994



Graduation Ceremony
Bronnadh na gCáilíochtaí

Thursday, 17th February 1994

Dé Daordaoín, 17ú Feabhra 1994



ORDER OF CEREMONIES — 19.15, 17th February 1994

CLÁR — 19.15, 17ú Feabhra 1994

19.15 Academic Procession.

19.18 Dublin Institute of Technology Brass Quartet.

John Walsh and Helen Mackle on Trumpet, Ian Dakin on French Horn and Conor O'Riordan on Tuba.
Programme: A selection of works from Gabrieli, Jacob, Bancnieri, Peurel and Hazel for Brass Quartet spanning four centuries.

*By kind permission of: Brighid Mooney-McCarthy LRAM,
Head of Department of Orchestral Studies, Dublin Institute of Technology, College of Music.*

19.35 Introductory Address: J. Kieran Taaffe BSc MSc CPhys MInstP MBA HDipEd DipProd Barrister-at-Law,
Vice-Principal, Dublin Institute of Technology, Kevin Street, Master of Ceremonies.

19.38 **Conferring of Graduates:**

Diploma in Applied Sciences (Food Science & Food Technology Option)

Diploma in Human Nutrition and Dietetics

Graduate Membership Diploma of the Institute of Biology

Fellowship of the Institute of Medical Laboratory Sciences

*Sponsor: Brid Ann Ryan BSc MSc CBiol MIBiol DipIndMicrob,
Head, Department of Biological Sciences*

19.53 Presentation of Special Academic Awards.

19.56 Address by Brendan Goldsmith BSc MSc DPhil,
President, Dublin Institute of Technology.

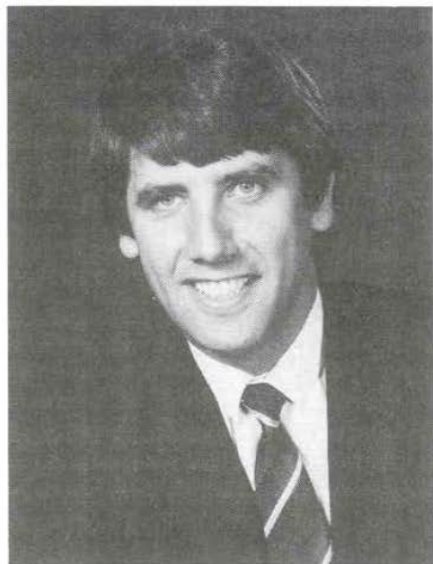
20.00 Academic Procession.

20.05 Reception in the Staff Common Room.

**At the end of the ceremony all guests are requested to remain in place
while the newly conferred graduates leave the Gleeson Hall in procession.**

THE MISSION OF DIT

MISEAN ITBÁC



Dr. Brendan Goldsmith

January 1994 marked the first anniversary of a single integrated Dublin Institute of Technology. The passing of the DIT Act in 1992 resulted in the fusing of six distinct colleges, each with different histories and specialisations. It may be appropriate to reflect on the role and functions of DIT within the context of higher education in Ireland. The mission of the Dublin Institute of Technology can be summarised in comparatively few words:

The Dublin Institute of Technology is a comprehensive higher educational institution, fulfilling a national and international role in providing full-time and part-time educational programmes across the whole spectrum of higher education. It aims to achieve this in an innovative, responsive, caring and flexible learning environment. It is committed to providing access to students of all ages and backgrounds and to achieving quality and excellence in all aspects of its work. This commitment extends to the provision of research, product development and consultancy services for industry and society while continuing to have regard to the technological, commercial, social and cultural needs of the community it serves.

Behind this short statement stands an institution of great complexity and the largest higher education institution in the State. To get a clearer picture of DIT and its role in Irish society, it is necessary to examine a little deeper some of the sentiments expressed above.

The constant interplay between the academic world and the world of industry and commerce is translated, through the applied aspects of all DIT programmes, into a stimulating environment for all its students. This rich interplay between the worlds of

learning and work provides an environment in which the individual students can develop their abilities to act with confidence and competence.

A look at the range of programmes within DIT, with its strong emphasis on disciplines of an applied nature, is a clear indicator of the responsive nature of the Institute. Technological education cannot, of course, be a static activity and its dynamic component is reflected in the continually changing programmes available within the Institute.

Despite its position as the largest educational institution within the State, with a total enrolment of nearly 25,000 students, DIT has a proud history of caring for each student. Its smaller class group size, with extensive periods of time spent in direct contact with staff within laboratory environments, has ensured a strong staff-student relationship. Students in DIT are much more than numbers on a computer printout!

With its strong historic commitment to part-time education, DIT has had a pioneering role in introducing flexibility to Irish education. Flexibility is of its nature dynamic, and DIT is currently extending the range of models it uses

for the provision of education using both wholetime and part-time modes, modularisation, semesterisation and credit accumulation. ERASMUS and COMETT links are being actively promoted within the Institute in an international context. Our long-standing commitment to part-time and apprentice has led to flexibility at intake and to the development of transfer mechanisms across the various levels of the Institute. Mature students have always been a feature in the DIT Colleges and the unique range of activities covered by the Institute has allowed students to transfer from apprentice to certificate/diploma levels and, where appropriate, on to honours degree programmes.

The most rapidly developing aspect of DIT's mission is its approach to research, product development and consultancy. Within the past decade, DIT has moved from being a minor player in this area to being a highly significant participant in a very large range of applied research activities. This commitment to research activity is a hallmark of a university-level institution and it is clear that DIT will continue to expand significantly in this area with a resulting increase in post-graduate students and post-

doctoral researchers.

The Dublin Institute of Technology, through its constituent Colleges, has played a significant role in the development of Irish education. It is now poised, with its new integrated structure, to play an even more significant role in the future.

Dr. Brendan Goldsmith,
Uachtarán.

LIST OF GRADUATES 1993

CÉIMITHE 1993

GRADUATE MEMBERSHIP DIPLOMA OF THE INSTITUTE OF BIOLOGY

Diplóma Céimí-Bhallraíochta in Institiúid na Bitheolaíochta

Graduates of this course also qualify for the award of BSc(Applied Sciences) from the University of Dublin with the same honours classification as that obtained in the Diploma in Applied Sciences.

NAME	AWARD	NAME	AWARD	NAME	AWARD
Byrne, Brendan	Honours 1	Gillick, Elizabeth	Honours 2.2	O'Sullivan, Finbar	Honours 2.1
Byrne, Christina	2.1	Hoare, Terence	Honours 2.2	Rice, Joseph	Honours 2.1
Creggy, John	2.1	Hutchinson, Anthony	2.1		
Daly, Jacqueline	2.1	Kehoe, Margaret	1		

DIPLOMA IN APPLIED SCIENCES (FOOD SCIENCE & FOOD TECHNOLOGY)

Diplóma sa bhFisic Fheidhmeach (Romha Biaolaíocht agus Biateicneolaíocht)

NAME	AWARD	NAME	AWARD	NAME	AWARD
Breslin, Thomas Eamonn	Honours 2.1	Meghen, Stephen Joseph	Honours 2.2	O'Dwyer, Adrienne Margaret	Honours 2.2
Dreeling, Niamh	2.1	Morrissey, Catherine Ann	1		
Fahey, Alan Martin	2.1	Nolan, Yvonne Mary	2.1		

DIPLOMA IN HUMAN NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

Diplóma sa Chothú agus Daonbheathú

Graduates of this course also qualify for the award of BSc(Hum Nut) from the University of Dublin with the same honours classification as that obtained in the Diploma in Applied Sciences.

NAME	AWARD	NAME	AWARD	NAME	AWARD
Ball, Emma Noelle	Honours 2.1	Gorman, Ann Marie	Honours 2.2	Murray, Raymond Martin	Honours 2.1
Buckley, Ailish	2.2	Harte, Audrey Patricia	2.1	O'Connor, Niamh Maria	2.2
Burns, Jennifer Louise	2.1	Horgan, Fiona Margaret	2.2	O'Sullivan, Niamh Bernadette	2.1
Colclough, Mary Margaret	2.1	King, Sheila Marion	2.1	Ryan, Anne Marie	2.1
Curran, Sinéad Bridget	2.1	Kingston, Sandra	2.1	Ryan, Yvonne Martina	2.1
Deering, Catherine T.	2.1	Ní Craith, Máire Áine	1	Shanahan, Teresa Margaret	2.1
Fayne, Audrey Elizabeth	2.1	Mallon, Bernadette Lucy	2.1	Vale, Catherine Patricia	2.1

FELLOWSHIP OF THE INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL LABORATORY SCIENCES

Comhaltacht na hInstitiúide Eolaíochta Saotharlainne Leighis

NAME	NAME	NAME
Cagney, Antoinette	Fitzgerald, Hillary	Killarney, Assumpta Martina
Doyle, Elizabeth	Hyland, Gabriel	Lucey, Norah Brigid
Doyle, Suzanne	Kelleher, Patricia	McCourt, Anna Marie
Forde, Helen Teresa	Kenny, Patrick	O'Callaghan, Breda

PRIZEWINNERS 1993

DUAISITHEORÍ 1993

THE IRISH NUTRITION AND DIETETIC INSTITUTE PRIZE

Established 1975

This Prize is sponsored by the Irish Nutrition and Dietetic Institute, and is awarded to the graduate of the BSc(Human Nutrition & Dietetics) Course who maintained the most consistently high standard over the four years of the course.

Máire Áine Ni Craith

FLORA NUTRITION AWARD

Established 1982

A Scholarship Award of £6,000 sponsored by the manufacturers of Flora, W. & C. McDonnells Ltd, and to be used towards post-graduate research in the field of Human Nutrition and Dietetics. It is awarded to the best Final Year student of the BSc(Human Nutrition & Dietetics) Course.

Máire Áine Ni Craith

HUMAN NUTRITION AND DIETETICS COURSE DIRECTORS' PRIZE FOR PROJECT PRESENTATIONS

Established 1989

The Course Directors' Prize of £50 is awarded to the student, as judged by the Course Directors and Academic Staff,

to have made the best oral project presentation for the final year project on the BSc(Human Nutrition and Dietetics) Course.

Sinéad Bridget Curran

SHS CLINICAL DIETETICS/ NUTRITION AWARD

Established 1991

This award, a sterling silver medal, is sponsored by Scientific Hospital Supplies (SHS) Ireland Ltd. It is awarded annually for the most outstanding performance in Clinical Dietetics/Nutrition in the Final BSc(Human Nutrition & Dietetics) Examinations.

Ann Marie Ryan

COCA-COLA ATLANTIC AWARD

Established 1993

This sterling silver medal is awarded by Coca-Cola Atlantic to the student with the best performance in the final year of the Diploma in Applied Sciences, Food Science and Food Technology Option.

Catherine Morrissey

THE GLENN D'ARCY MEDAL

Established 1993

The Glenn D'Arcy gold medal is awarded annually for the best final year project in the Graduate Membership Diploma of the Institute of Biology, final examination. It is to honour the memory of Glenn D'Arcy who was an undergraduate student in the Department of Biological Sciences starting with the Technician Diploma in Applied Science and later graduating from the Graduateship of the Institute of Biology Course.

Between 1991 and 1993 he was a post-graduate PhD student and contributed significantly to research development and social activities within the Department.

He always gave generously of his time, but in a special way to undergraduate students doing their projects.

Christina Byrne

TRAIDISIÚN FADA TEICNEOLAÍOCHTA

Eolaíocht agus Innealtóireacht ar fáil i Sráid Chaoimhín ó 1887

D'oscail an chéad scoil theicniúil i Sráid Chaoimhín i nDeireadh Fómhair 1887 le 10 mhúinteoir, 78 mac léinn agus 12 ábhar teagaisc.

I measc na ndaoine a bhí páirteach i mbunú an chéid Scoil Theicniúil i Sráid Chaoimhín bhí Arnold Graves, uncal leis an bhfile, a bhí mar runaí don mBord Stiúrtha. Thug Charles Stewart Parnell agus Michael Davitt gach tacaíocht agus bhí an t-ollamh clúiteach de Choláiste na Tríonóide George Francis FitzGerald ina bhall den mBord Stiúrtha thosaigh. Mhúin Michael Cusack Gaeilge san scoil. Bhí clann Guinness go fial flaithiúil agus thug Edward Cecil Guinness, an chéad Iarla Iveagh deontas de £2,500 i 1886 leis an tús a bhrostu. Chuidigh saineolaithe an Royal College of Science, Royal College of Surgeons agus an Ollscoil Chaitliceach leis an mbreith.

Mar sin bhí deacrachtaí airgid ag baint le forbairt scoil Shráid Chaoimhín ins na blianta roimh 1891 mar a reachtaíodh Acht Teagaisc Teicneolaíochta (1891) in Éirinn. D'ainneoin na ndeacrachtaí bhí 513 mac léinn ar na rollaí san seisiún 1891–1892. Ó 1893 i leith nuair a chuir Bardas Átha Cliath an tAcht i bhfeidhm, bhí deontais le fáil le trealamh saotharlainne a leathnú agus le cúrsaí nua a stiúiriú. Chonachthas

méadú mór ar thinreamh na scoile i 1895 de bharr na forbartha seo agus tógadh teach, 37 Sr. Chaoimhín (trasna an bhóthair on scoil) ar chíos leis an bhreis a fhreastal. Chuir an teach seo sé sheomra ranga ar fáil ach faoi 1897 agus le 925 mac léinn ar na rollaí bhí foirgneamh nua ag teastáil. Tosnaíodh an tógáil i Lúnasa 1899 agus osclaíodh an scoil nua i 1901.

Le bunú Saorstát Éireann i 1922 lean stiúiriú na scoile faoin sean-Acht ach i 1924 athraíodh cúram teagaisc teicneolaíochta ón Roinn Talmhaíochta go dtí an Roinn Oideachais. I 1930 tháinig an tAcht Gairm-Oideachais (1930) i bhfeidhm agus is ó shin i leith atá stiúiriú teagaisc teicneolaíochta faoi riaradh na gCoistí Ghairm-Oideachais ar fud na tíre.

Idir an dá chogadh dhomhanda níorbh mhór an méadú a tháinig ar an scoil i Sr. Chaoimhín agus níorbh mhór an t-athrú a tháinig ar raon na gcúrsaí. Ag deireadh 1938 áfach, bhí breis agus 2,000 mac léinn (idir daltaí lae agus óiche) ar na rollaí agus bhí brú mór spáis arís ann. Aistríodh cuid de na cúrsaí go dtí scoileanna eile sa chathair leis an mbrú a mhaolú agus san seisiún 1941/42 cuireadh leis na saotharlanna innealtóireachta.

Le tús an tarna chogaidh dhomhanda tháinig éileamh mór ar chúrsaí nua. I 1940 bunaíodh cúrsa ar Sheirbhís Raidió agus cúrsaí réamh-Ollscoile ins na hÁbhair Eargna; i 1942 bunaíodh cúrsa trí bliana in Innealtóireacht Raidió, cúrsaí don Radharcmhástóireacht, Poiticéireacht agus Radagrafadóireacht. Bunaíodh freisin cúrsaí céime BSc d'Ollscoil Londain agus cé nach raibh ach beirt ar an gcúrsa i 1940 bhí 17 faoina bhun i 1949. Ba ins na blianta seo a tháinig cruth Institiúid Tríleibhéil ar an gColáiste.

I dtús an chogaidh ní raibh ach seisear foirne seasmhach sa Choláiste, an Príomh-Oide san áireamh, ach faoi 1950 mhéadaigh an uimhir seo go dtí 22. San am seo bhí breis agus 2,000 mac léinn ar na rollaí le 350 acu lánaimseareach. Bhí brú spáis arís ann.

I 1955 ceannaíodh dhá acra i Rae Port Chaoimhín agus i 1959 bhí na pleananna don choláiste nua críochnaithe. I 1963 thosnaigh an tógáil ar an bhfoirgneamh atá inniu ann. Osclaíodh an Coláiste nua go hoifigiúil i mí Mheithimh 1968.

Is fada an t-am é ó 1955 go 1968 agus i rith na tréimhe sin tháinig athrú mór ar chúrsaí an Choláiste. Faoi 1960 bhí 38 foirne seasmhach sa Choláiste agus

bhí 21 cúrsaí lán-aimsearacha dá reachtáil. I rith an ama seo freisin bunaíodh cúrsaí speisialta teagaisc do theicneoirí – teicneoirí innealtóireachta i 1960 agus 1962, teicneoirí saotharlann leighis i 1963 agus 1965 agus teicneoirí eargna i 1969. Tar-éis 1968 thosnaigh an Coláiste ag bronnadh a chuid theastas féin agus le blianta beaga anuas tá ceangal acadúil idir an Coláiste agus Coláiste na Tríonóide mar a bronnar Céimeanna Ollscoile san Eargna, san Daon-Bheathú, agus san Innealtóireacht ar mhicléinn a bhaineann Dioplóma an Choláiste amach.

I 1978 nascadh na sé Coláistí i mBaile Átha Cliath in Institiúid amháin Teicneolaíochta faoi riaradh an Choiste Ghairm-Oideachais. Tugadh Institiúid Teicneolaíochta Bhaile Átha Cliath uirthí agus is Coláiste den Institiúid

é an ceann i Sráid Chaoimhín a bhaineann le h-Eargna agus le hInnealtóireacht Leictreach, Leictreonach agus Teileach-cumarsáid agus le cúrsaí gar-leighis.

I mbliana tá 200 d'fhoireann acadúil seasmhach sa Choláiste, 300 d'fhoireann pháirtaimsireach agus breis is 5,000 mac léinn, 2,600 acu lán-aimsearach agus 200 acu ag gabháil le cláracha iar-chéimeacha. Tá 80 cúrsaí fó-chéimeach le fáil maille le háiseanna iar-chéimeacha agus cúrsaí proifisiúnta. Tá taighde iar-chéimeach agus iar-dhochtúireachta idir lámha faoi dheontaisí ó eagrais in Éirinn, ón Roinn Oideachais, ón gComhphobal Eorpach, ó chomhluchtaí déantúsaíochta agus ó eagraíochtaí éagsúla seachtracha eile.

Leis an mhéadú mór ó 1980 anonn ar an

rachairt ar áiteanna ins na Coláistí Teicneolaíochta Tríleibhéil cuireadh clár tógala i bhfeidhm a tugadh chun críche i 1988 le foirgneamh agus áiseanna nua i sholáthar, cuireadh 6,500 méadar cearnach spáis breise leis an Choláiste, 25 seomraí ranga, 1,200 méadar cearnach de leabharlann nua agus an achar céanna de bhialann nua. Leis an mhéadú atá tagtha ar líon na mac léinn lán-aimsearacha le cúig bhliain anuas tá easpa spáis arís ann.

Tá céad agus a sé bliain curtha fén gColáiste agus glacann sé le díograis fé dhúshlán an tarna chéid. Tá traidisiún bainte amach, tá na céimithe cruthaithe san tsaol, in Éirinn is i gcéin, tá cumas fairsing ann idir fhoireann agus áiseanna agus mic léinn den chéad scoth. Braitheann todhchaí agus leas na tíre ar leantúint fhoirfe na forbartha seo.

